**Product Description**

Cortisol (hydrocortisone, compound F) is the most potent glucocorticoid synthesized from cholesterol. Cortisol is found in the blood either as free cortisol, or bound to corticosteroid-binding globulin (CBG). Cortisol production has an ACTH-dependent circadian rhythm with peak levels in the early morning and a nadir at night. The factors controlling this circadian rhythm are not completely defined. Saliva levels are highest in the early morning and decrease throughout the day. In the metabolic aspect, cortisol promotes gluconeogenesis, liver glycogen deposition, and the reduction of glucose utilization. Immunologically, cortisol functions as an important anti-inflammatory, and plays a role in hypersensitivity, immunosuppression, and disease resistance. It has also been shown that plasma cortisol levels elevate in response to stress. Abnormal cortisol levels are seen with a variety of different conditions: with adrenal tumors, prostate cancer, depression, and schizophrenia. Elevated cortisol levels and lack of diurnal variation have been identified in patients with Cushing’s disease.

The Cortisol Saliva ELISA is a solid phase competitive ELISA. The samples and cortisol enzyme conjugate are added to the wells coated with anti-cortisol monoclonal antibody. Cortisol in the patient’s sample competes with a cortisol enzyme conjugate for binding sites. Unbound cortisol and cortisol enzyme conjugate are washed off by washing buffer. Upon the addition of the substrate, the intensity of color is inversely proportional to the concentration of cortisol in the samples. A standard curve is prepared relating color intensity to the concentration of the cortisol.

The Cortisol ELISA Kit is intended for the quantitative measurement of cortisol in human saliva.

**Components**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Materials Provided</th>
<th>96 Tests</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Microwell coated with Cortisol MAb</td>
<td>12 × 8 × 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cortisol Standard set: 7 vials (ready to use)</td>
<td>0.25 ml</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enzyme Conjugate (20×)</td>
<td>1.2 ml</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wash concentrate (20×): 1 bottle</td>
<td>25 ml</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assay Diluent</td>
<td>24 ml</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TMB Substrate: 1 bottle (ready to use)</td>
<td>12 ml</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stop Solution: 1 bottle (ready to use)</td>
<td>12 ml</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Reagents and Equipment Required but Not Provided.**

- Distilled or deionized water
- Precision pipettes
- Disposable pipette tips
- ELISA reader capable of reading absorbance at 450 nm
- Absorbent paper or paper towel
- Graph paper

**Precautions and Disclaimer**

This product is for R&D use only, not for drug, household, or other uses. Please consult the Safety Data Sheet for information regarding hazards and safe handling practices.

**Preparation Instructions**

**Sample Preparation**

1. It is recommended to collect saliva samples with commercially available equipments. The saliva samples should be completely colorless even the slight red color shows blood contamination.
2. Specimens may be stored refrigerated at 2–8 °C for 1 day. Store frozen at −20 °C for up to one month.
3. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles.
4. Prior to assay, frozen saliva samples should be completely thawed and mixed well.
**20× Enzyme Conjugate**
Prepare 1× working solution by diluting 20-fold with assay diluent as needed (e.g., 0.1 mL of the 20× Enzyme Conjugate in 1.9 mL of Assay Diluent is sufficient for 20 wells). The diluted conjugate has to be used the same day.

**20× Wash Buffer Concentrate**
Prepare 1× Wash buffer by adding the contents of the bottle (25 ml, 20×) to 475 ml of distilled or deionized water. Store at room temperature (18–26 °C).

**Storage/Stability**
Store the kit at 2–8 °C. Keep microwells sealed in a dry bag with desiccants. The reagents are stable until expiration of the kit. Do not expose reagents to heat, sun, or strong light.

**Procedure**
Notes: The components in this kit are intended for use as an integral unit. The components of different lots should not be mixed.

It is recommended that standards, control, and saliva samples be run in duplicate.

Optimal results will be obtained by strict adherence to this protocol. Accurate and precise pipetting, as well as following the exact time and temperature requirements prescribed are essential. Any deviation from this may yield invalid data.

All reagents must be brought to room temperature (18–26 °C) before use and gently mix.

1. Place the desired number of coated strips into the holder.
2. Pipet 40 µl of Cortisol standards, control, and patient’s saliva samples into selected wells.
3. Add 200 µl of Enzyme Conjugate to all wells.
4. Incubate for 60 minutes at room temperature (18–26 °C) with shaking.
5. Remove liquid from all wells. Wash wells 3 times with 300 ml of 1× wash buffer. Blot on absorbent paper towels.
6. Add 100 µl of TMB Substrate to all wells.
7. Incubate for 15 minutes at room temperature with shaking.
8. Add 50 µl of Stop Solution to all wells.
9. Shake the plate gently to mix the solution.
10. Read absorbance on ELISA Reader at 450 nm within 15 minutes after adding the Stop Solution.

**Results**
The standard curve is constructed as follows:
1. Check Cortisol Standard value on each standard vial. This value might vary from lot to lot. Make sure the value is checked on every kit.
2. To construct the standard curve, plot the absorbance for Cortisol standards (vertical axis) versus Cortisol standard concentrations (horizontal axis) on a linear graph paper. Draw the best curve through the points.

**Example of a Standard Curve**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>OD 450 nm</th>
<th>Concentration ng/ml</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Std 1</td>
<td>2.29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Std 2</td>
<td>1.77</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Std 3</td>
<td>1.37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Std 4</td>
<td>0.98</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Std 5</td>
<td>0.77</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Std 6</td>
<td>0.45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Std 7</td>
<td>0.18</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3. Read the absorbance for controls and each unknown sample from the curve. Record the value for each control or unknown sample.

**Expected Values**
It is recommended that each laboratory establish its own normal ranges based on a representative sampling of the local population.

**Limitations of the Test**
1. The test results obtained using this kit serve only as an aid to diagnosis and should be interpreted in relation to the patient’s history, physical findings, and other diagnostic procedures.
2. Do not use sodium azide as preservative. Sodium azide inhibits HRP enzyme activities.
References