**Product Information**

**ProteoSilver™ Silver Stain Kit**

Product Code PROT-SIL1
Store at Room Temperature

**TECHNICAL BULLETIN**

**Product Description**
The ProteoSilver™ Silver Stain Kit is an exceptionally sensitive protein detection silver stain kit. It is suitable for staining both single dimension SDS-PAGE gels and two-dimensional (2D) gels of complex protein solutions, a common characterization technique used in proteomics.

ProteoSilver utilizes silver nitrate, which binds to selective amino acids on the proteins under weakly acidic or neutral pH conditions. The protein bound silver ions are reduced by formaldehyde at alkaline pH to form metallic silver in the gel. This kit will detect 0.1 ng of BSA/mm² (a protein band containing 0.2 ng of BSA on a 12 well, one-dimensional gel).

**Kit Components**
The ProteoSilver Silver Stain Kit has sufficient components for staining 25 mini gels. The kit contains:

- ProteoSilver Silver Solution (Product Code P 3739)
- ProteoSilver Sensitizer (Product Code P 3614)
- ProteoSilver Developer 1 (Product Code P 3864)
- ProteoSilver Developer 2 (Product Code P 3989)
- ProteoSilver Stop Solution (Product Code P 4114)

**Reagents and Equipment Required but not Provided**
- Ethanol (Product Code 27,074-1)
- Acetic acid (Product Code A 9967)
- Ultrapure water (16 to 18 MΩ•cm or equivalent)
- Glass or plastic staining tray

**Precautions and Disclaimer**
This kit is for R&D use only, not for drug, household, or other uses. Please consult the Material Safety Data Sheet for information regarding hazards and safe handling practices.

**Preparation Instructions**
The use of ultrapure water is essential for low background and high sensitivity staining.

1. **Fixing solution.** Add 50 ml of ethanol and 10 ml of acetic acid to 40 ml of ultrapure water.

2. **30% Ethanol solution.** Add 30 ml of ethanol to 70 ml of ultrapure water.

3. **Sensitizer solution.** Add 1 ml of ProteoSilver Sensitizer to 99 ml of ultrapure water. The prepared solution should be used within 2 hours. A precipitate may form in the ProteoSilver Sensitizer. This precipitate will not affect the performance of the solution. Simply allow the precipitate to settle and remove 1 ml of the supernatant.

4. **Silver solution.** Add 1 ml of ProteoSilver Silver Solution to 99 ml of ultrapure water. The prepared solution should be used within 2 hours.

5. **Developer solution.** Add 5 ml ProteoSilver Developer 1 and 0.1 ml ProteoSilver Developer 2 to 95 ml of ultrapure water. The developer solution should be prepared immediately (<20 minutes) before use.

**Storage/Stability**
All kit components are stable at room temperature for at least 1 year.
Procedure
A. Direct Silver Staining

- All steps should be carried out at room temperature on an orbital shaker at 60 to 70 rpm.
- The gel should be stained in a glass or plastic tray, which has been cleaned with detergent and rinsed thoroughly.
- Clean, disposable gloves should be worn and changed before each step to prevent fingerprints on the gel.
- The volumes indicated in this procedure are for mini gels. The volumes should be tripled for large format (13 x 16 cm) gels.
- The staining process may be halted at the Fixing step by leaving the gel in the Fixing solution overnight if there is not enough time to complete the staining protocol.

Staining
1. Fixing - After electrophoresis of the proteins in the mini polyacrylamide gel, place the gel into a clean tray with 100 ml of the Fixing solution for 20 minutes.
   Note: A clearer background can be achieved by a longer fixing time (40 minutes to overnight).

2. Ethanol wash - Decant the Fixing solution and wash the gel for 10 minutes with 100 ml of the 30% Ethanol solution.

3. Water wash – Decant the 30% Ethanol solution and wash the gel for 10 minutes with 200 ml of ultrapure water.

4. Sensitization – Decant the water and incubate the gel for 10 minutes with 100 ml of the Sensitizer solution.

5. Water wash – Decant the Sensitizer solution and wash the gel twice, each time for 10 minutes with 200 ml of ultrapure water.

6. Silver equilibration – Decant the water and equilibrate the gel for 10 minutes with 100 ml of the Silver solution.

7. Water wash – Decant the Silver solution and wash the gel for 1 to 1.5 minutes with 200 ml of ultrapure water.
   Note: Washing for longer than 1.5 minutes will result in decreased sensitivity.

8. Gel development – Decant the water and develop the gel with 100 ml of the Developer solution. Development times of 3 to 7 minutes are sufficient to produce the desired staining intensity for most gels. Development times as long as 10 to 12 minutes may be required to detect bands or spots with very low protein concentrations (0.1 ng/mm²).
   Note: Over development of the gel will increase the background staining.

9. Stop - Add 5 ml of the ProteoSilver Stop Solution to the developer solution to stop the developing reaction and incubate for 5 minutes. Bubbles of CO₂ gas will form in the mixture.

10. Storage – Decant the Developer/Stop solution and wash the gel for 15 minutes with 200 ml of ultrapure water. Store the gel in fresh, ultrapure water.

Figure 1.
ProteoSilver staining of 2D SDS-PAGE Gel.
B. Double Staining - Silver Staining following Coomassie® Brilliant Blue Staining

Double staining (Coomassie brilliant blue and Silver) can increase the detection sensitivity 2-4 fold over that observed with silver staining alone. The gel may be initially stained using EZBlue™ Gel Staining Reagent (Product Code G 1041). The Coomassie brilliant blue stained gel must be destained until the background (gel with no protein) is essentially clear. After Coomassie brilliant blue destaining, begin the silver staining at the Fixing step (step 1) of the staining procedure.

Troubleshooting Guide

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Problem</th>
<th>Cause</th>
<th>Solution</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Background is excessively dark.</td>
<td>Gel allowed to develop too long. Staining will be complete in less than 7 minutes. Longer staining times increase background.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Ineffective washing due to poor mixing or improper size tray</td>
<td>Use proper size tray to allow the gel to be completely immersed and sufficient movement of solutions around the gel. Orbital shaking at 60 to 70 rpm is recommended for vigorous washing of the gel.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Gel buffer and/or running buffer not completely removed by fixing step.</td>
<td>Bis-Tris buffered gels may require longer fixing time to reduce the background.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Impure water</td>
<td>Use ultrapure water (16 to 18 MΩ•cm or equivalent).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Low protein sensitivity</td>
<td>Protein may have few cysteine residues, which are important for silver staining. Coomassie brilliant blue staining prior to silver staining will increase silver binding to the protein (See Double Staining, Procedure B).</td>
<td>Keep the water wash time after the Silver equilibration to less than 1.5 minutes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Silver ions washed from the gel.</td>
<td>ProteoSilver will detect 0.2 ng per band of BSA. Other proteins may require higher protein loads (1 ng per band or spot).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Too little protein loaded on the gel.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stained spots or blotches on the surface of the gel</td>
<td>Fingerprints</td>
<td>Use disposable gloves and change them prior to each step.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Staining trays are not clean. Scrub the staining tray with detergent (SigmaClean Liquid Laboratory Glassware Concentrate, Product Code S 4107) using a sponge and rinse with ultrapure water. Dedicated the tray and sponge to silver staining only.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Gels are not completely immersed.</td>
<td>Use proper size tray and sufficient mixing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unexpected protein band(s) around 60 to 70 kDa are in the lanes of a single dimension gel.</td>
<td>Keratin contamination from skin in the samples Wear fresh clean gloves during sample preparation and do not lean over open vials or bottles. It may also be necessary to make a fresh stock of sample buffer using clean glassware.</td>
<td>Use less 2-mercaptoethanol (1%) or switch to a different reducing agent such as 10 mM Tributyl phosphine (TBP - Product Code T 7567), 10 mM Tris(carboxyethyl)phosphine (TCEP - Product Code C 4706), 30 mM DTT, or 100 mM 2-Mercaptoethanesulfonic acid (MESNA - Product Code M 1511).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

References


Troubleshooting Guide (continued)

| Protein band around 60 to 70 kDa is across the entire gel and a smeared background is above this line. | Keratin contamination from skin in the running buffer | Wear fresh, clean gloves while preparing the running buffer and do not lean over open containers. It may be necessary to make a fresh stock of running buffer using clean glassware. |
| Yellow background near the top of the gel | High concentrations of dithiothreitol (DTT) in the sample | Switch to a different reducing agent (10 mM TBP, 10 mM TCEP, or 100 mM MESNA) Alkylate the sample with a 2-5 fold molar excess of iodoacetamide and a 15 minutes incubation. Iodoacetamide will alkylate the DTT and the protein. Detection sensitivity is slightly reduced by protein alkylation. Use a lower concentration of DTT (30 mM) to reduce the protein sample and then dilute with sample buffer (containing 5 mM DTT) immediately before loading. |
| Glycine in the Tris-Glycine-SDS running buffer can give a slight yellowing to the top portion of the gel. | | Switch to a Tris-Tricine-SDS running buffer. |

Checklist for ProteoSilver Staining

The following checklist can be photocopied and used to track the staining steps to ensure that all steps are carried out. Check the circle when the step is started and write the starting time.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Fixing</th>
<th>Sensitization</th>
<th>Silver Equilibration</th>
<th>Developer</th>
<th>Stop Solution</th>
<th>Water wash</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fixing solution</td>
<td>Ethanol wash</td>
<td>Water wash</td>
<td>Sensitizer</td>
<td>Water wash</td>
<td>Water wash</td>
<td>Silver solution</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20 min O</td>
<td>10 min O</td>
<td>10 min O</td>
<td>10 min O</td>
<td>10 min O</td>
<td>10 min O</td>
<td>10 min O</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethanol wash</td>
<td>Water wash</td>
<td>Water wash</td>
<td>Water wash</td>
<td>Water wash</td>
<td>Water wash</td>
<td>Water wash</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 min O</td>
<td>10 min O</td>
<td>10 min O</td>
<td>10 min O</td>
<td>10 min O</td>
<td>10 min O</td>
<td>1 min O</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water wash</td>
<td>Silver solution</td>
<td>Water wash</td>
<td>Developer</td>
<td>Stop Solution</td>
<td>Water wash</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 min O</td>
<td>10 min O</td>
<td>3-7 min O</td>
<td>5 min O</td>
<td>5 min O</td>
<td>O</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Developer</td>
<td>Stop Solution</td>
<td>Water wash</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3-7 min O</td>
<td>5 min O</td>
<td>O</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Coomassie is a registered trademark of Imperial Chemical Industries PLC.

MDS,MAM 02/05-1

Sigma brand products are sold through Sigma-Aldrich, Inc.
Sigma-Aldrich, Inc. warrants that its products conform to the information contained in this and other Sigma-Aldrich publications. Purchaser must determine the suitability of the product(s) for their particular use. Additional terms and conditions may apply. Please see reverse side of the invoice or packing slip.