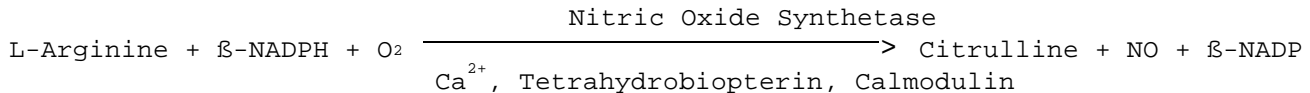


**Enzymatic Assay of NITRIC OXIDE SYNTHETASE
(EC 1.14.13.39)**

PRINCIPLE:



Abbreviations used:

β -NADPH = β -Nicotinamide Adenine Dinucleotide Phosphate,
Reduced Form

β -NADP = β -Nicotinamide Adenine Dinucleotide Phosphate,
Oxidized Form

CONDITIONS: T = 37°C, pH = 7.3

METHOD: HPLC Analysis of Products

REAGENTS:

- A. 80 mM HEPES Buffer with 1.0 mM Ethylenediaminetetraacetic Acid and 1.5 mM Calcium Chloride, pH 7.3 at 37°C
(Prepare 100 ml in deionized water using HEPES, Free Acid, Sigma Prod. No. H-3375, Ethylenediaminetetraacetic Acid, Tetrasodium Salt, Hydrate, Sigma Stock No. ED4SS and Calcium Chloride, Dihydrate, Sigma Prod. No. C-3881. Adjust to pH 7.3 at 37°C with 1 M NaOH.)
- B. Calmodulin Solution (CaM)
(Immediately before use, prepare a solution containing 5000 units/ml of Phosphodiesterase 3':5'-Cyclic Nucleotide Activator (Calmodulin), Sigma Prod. No. P-2277, in cold Reagent A.)
- C. 20 mM DL-Dithiothreitol Solution (DTT)
(Prepare 5 ml in Reagent A using DL-Dithiothreitol, Sigma Prod. No. D-0632.)
- D. 1.0 mM Tetrahydrobiopterin Solution (THB)
(Immediately before use, prepare 10 ml in Reagent A using (6R)-5,6,7,8-Tetrahydrobiopterin, Dihydrochloride, Sigma Prod. No. T-4425. **Prepare**

Fresh, Keep on Ice.)

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REAGENTS: (continued)

- E. 10 μ M Citrulline Standard Solution (Cit Std)
(Prepare 10 ml in Reagent A using L-Citrulline, Sigma Prod. No. C-7629.)
- F. 1.0 mM Flavin Adenine Dinucleotide Solution (FAD)
(Prepare 10 ml in Reagent A using Flavin Adenine Dinucleotide, Disodium Salt, Sigma Prod. No. F-6625.)
- G. 3.4 mM L-Arginine Solution (L-Arg)
(Prepare 10 ml in Reagent A using L-Arginine, Hydrochloride, Sigma Prod. No. A-5949.)
- H. 3.0 mM Nicotinamide Adenine Dinucleotide Phosphate, Reduced Form Solution (NADPH)
(Prepare 10 ml in Reagent A using Nicotinamide Adenine Dinucleotide Phosphate, Reduced Form, Tetrasodium Salt, Sigma Prod. No. N-1630.)
- I. 100% (v/v) Methanol (MeOH)
(Use Methanol, Absolute, Sigma Stock No. 17-5.)
- J. 10 mM Sodium Phosphate and 10 mM Triethylamine Buffer, pH 5.0 at 37°C (Buffer A)
(Prepare 1 L in deionized water using Sodium Phosphate, Dibasic, Anhydrous, Sigma Prod. No. S-0876, and Triethylamine, Sigma Prod. No. T-0886. Adjust to pH 5.0 at 37°C with 1 M HCl or 1 M NaOH. Before using, filter through a 0.22 μ m filter.)
- K. Acetonitrile (Buffer B)
(Acetonitrile, Sigma Stock No. 27,071-7.)
- L. o-Phthaldialdehyde Reagent Solution (OPA)
(Use o-Phthaldialdehyde Reagent Solution Complete, Sigma Prod. No. P-0532.)
- M. Nitric Oxide Synthetase Enzyme Solution
(Immediately before use, prepare a solution containing 40 - 50 units/ml of Nitric Oxide Synthetase in cold Reagent A.)

**Enzymatic Assay of NITRIC OXIDE SYNTHETASE
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PROCEDURE:

Pipette (in milliliters) the following reagents into suitable containers:

	<u>Test</u>	<u>Blank</u>
Reagent A (Buffer)	1.95	1.75
Reagent B (CaM)	0.20	0.20
Reagent C (DTT)	0.20	0.20
Reagent D (THB)	0.20	0.20
Reagent F (FAD)	0.05	0.05

Mix by inversion and equilibrate to 37°C. Then add:

Reagent M (Enz Soln)	0.10	-----
Reagent A (Buffer)	-----	0.10

Incubate at 37°C for 30 - 60 seconds. Then add:

Reagent G (L-Arg) ¹	0.10	0.10
Reagent H (NADPH) ¹	0.20	0.20

Immediately mix by inversion and incubate for exactly 10 minutes at 37°C.

After incubating for 10 minutes, pipette 0.5 ml of the Test and Blank into a 2 ml Eppendorf tube containing 0.5 ml of ice cold Reagent I (Methanol). **Store on ice.** Prepare Citrulline Standards by pipetting (in milliliters) the following reagents into 2 ml Eppendorf tubes:

	<u>Std 1</u>	<u>Std 2</u>	<u>Std 3</u>	<u>Std 4</u>	<u>Std 5</u>	<u>Std 6</u>	<u>Blank</u>	Std
Deionized Water	0.49	0.45	0.40	0.30	0.20	----	0.50	
Reagent E (Cit Std)	0.01	0.05	0.10	0.20	0.30	0.50	----	
Reagent I (MeOH)	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	

Store on ice. Centrifuge all samples to remove any precipitates.

**Enzymatic Assay of NITRIC OXIDE SYNTHETASE
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PROCEDURE: (continued)

Step 2:

HPLC analysis of OPA derivatized samples:

1. Column: Supelcosil LC-18, Supelco Catalog No. 5-8230, 4.6 x 150 mm, C18, 5µm particle size.

Mobile Phase: Equilibrate the column with 5% Buffer B at 1.0 ml/min. Run a linear gradient of 5 - 15% Buffer B over 10 minutes, followed by 15 - 100% Buffer B over 3 minutes. Hold at 100% Buffer B for 5 minutes. Re-equilibrate the column for 15 minutes with 5% Buffer B. The gradient may need adjusting as the column ages.

Detection: Use fluorescence detection at an excitation wavelength of 340 nm and an emission wavelength of 455 nm.

2. Warm a 10 ml aliquot of Reagent L (OPA) to room temperature (23°C).
3. Set up auto sampler to dispense 0.1 ml Reagent L (OPA) into 0.1 ml of sample in a HPLC vial. If auto sampler is not available then, accurately add 0.1 ml Reagent L (OPA) solution to 0.1 ml of the sample to be assayed. Mix for 1 minute, immediately inject 20 µl of derivatized sample onto the HPLC column. **This reaction is carried out at room temperature.** All of the reaction times need to be consistent with OPA + Sample before each injection. The OPA reagent will react with the primary amino acid(s) and the derivatized product detected by fluorescence. NOTE: Ammonia, Proline and Cysteine are not detected by OPA.
4. Inject blank then standards of Citrulline and samples. A comparison can then be made between standard curve of Citrulline and Citrulline generated from the sample reaction.

CALCULATIONS:

$$\text{Units/ml enzyme} = \frac{(\text{nmoles of citrulline})(\text{df})(3)}{(0.1)(10)}$$

df = Dilution factor

3 = Volume (in milliliters) of assay

0.1 = Volume (in milliliter) of enzyme used

10 = Time (in minutes) of assay as per the Unit Definition

**Enzymatic Assay of NITRIC OXIDE SYNTHETASE
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CALCULATIONS:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Units/mg solid} &= \frac{\text{units/ml enzyme}}{\text{mg solid/ml enzyme}} \\ \text{Units/mg protein} &= \frac{\text{units/ml enzyme}}{\text{mg protein/ml enzyme}} \end{aligned}$$

UNIT DEFINITION:

One unit will convert 1.0 nmole of arginine to citrulline per minute at pH 7.3 at 37°C.

FINAL ASSAY CONCENTRATION:

In a 3.00 ml reaction mix, the final concentrations are 80 mM HEPES, 1 mM ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid, 1.5 mM calcium chloride, 1000 units calmodulin, 1.3 mM DL-dithiothreitol, 0.07 mM tetrahydrobiopterin, 0.02 mM flavin adenine dinucleotide, 0.1 mM arginine, 0.2 mM β-nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide phosphate, reduced form, and 4 - 5 units nitric oxide synthetase.

REFERENCE:

Ohshima, H., Oguchi, S., Adachi, H., Iida, S., Suzuki, H., Sugimura, T., and Esumi, H. (1992) *Biochemical and Biophysical Research Communications* **183**, 238-244

Bredt, D.S. and Snyder, S.H. (1990) *Proceedings National Academy of Sciences, USA*, **87**, 682-685

NOTES:

1. Reagent G (L-Arg) and Reagent H (NADPH) should be prewarmed to 37°C before adding to the reaction.
2. This assay is based on the cited references.
3. Where Sigma Product or Stock numbers are specified, equivalent reagents may be substituted.

This procedure is for informational purposes. For a current copy of Sigma's quality control procedure contact our Technical Service Department.