



## Cayman's Quarterly Special

Place your order through LabKemi, phone 020-350510, email: [sweorder@sial.com](mailto:sweorder@sial.com)

# 50% off

## Assay Kits

Take advantage of our Quarterly Special and receive 50% off our catalog list price on these assay kits September 1, 2009 through November 30, 2009.

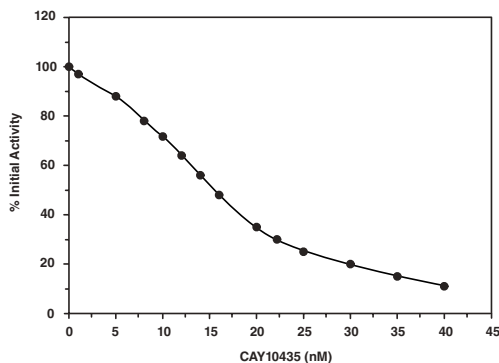
### FAAH Inhibitor Screening Assay Kit

10005196

**Stability:** ≥6 months at -80°C

The endocannabinoid system is a ubiquitous lipid signaling system involved in various regulatory functions throughout the body. The primary endocannabinoids, arachidonoyl ethanolamide (AEA) and 2-arachidonoyl glycerol (2-AG), are released upon demand from lipid precursors and bind to cannabinoid (CB<sub>1</sub>) receptors in the brain or CB<sub>2</sub> receptors in the peripheral tissues. Fatty acid amide hydrolase (FAAH) is a cytosolic serine hydrolase responsible for the degradation of fatty acid amides, including AEA. Finding inhibitors to FAAH could offer a beneficial approach toward the treatment of pain, obesity, and various neurological diseases where higher endocannabinoid activity would be beneficial. Cayman's FAAH Inhibitor Screening Assay Kit provides a convenient fluorescence-based method for screening FAAH inhibitors. FAAH hydrolyzes AMC-arachidonoyl amide resulting in the release of the fluorescent product, 7-amino-4-methylcoumarin (AMC). The fluorophore can be easily analyzed using an excitation wavelength of 340-360 nm and an emission wavelength of 450-465 nm.

Call or email for pricing and availability



### BACE Inhibitor Screening Assay Kit

600070

**Stability:** ≥6 months at -20°C

Accumulation of the  $\beta$ -amyloid peptide ( $A\beta$ ) in the brain is implicated in Alzheimer's disease. The  $\beta$ -amyloid peptide is derived from sequential proteolytic cleavage of the amyloid precursor protein (APP) by  $\beta$ - and  $\gamma$ -secretases. Initial cleavage by  $\beta$ -secretase (BACE;  $\beta$ -site of APP cleaving enzyme), a membrane anchored aspartic protease, generates a soluble N-terminal fragment and a membrane-associated C-terminal fragment. The C-terminal fragment then undergoes proteolysis by  $\gamma$ -secretase to give the  $A\beta$  peptide. BACE has been shown to be the major  $\beta$ -secretase and a promising therapeutic target as this protease initiates the first step in  $A\beta$  production. BACE deficient mice do not generate  $A\beta$  peptide. In transgenic murine models of AD driven by  $A\beta$  overproduction, BACE deficiency rescues memory deficits and cholinergic dysfunction. Cayman's BACE Inhibitor Screening Assay Kit provides a convenient method for screening human BACE inhibitors. The assay utilizes a synthetic Swedish mutant APP peptide (EVNLD AEF) that has been linked to a fluorophore (EDANS) at one end and to a quenching agent (Dabcyl) at the other. After cleavage by BACE, the product (peptide-EDANS) is brightly fluorescent and can be easily analyzed using a fluorescence plate reader or a fluorometer with excitation wavelengths of 335-345 nm and emission wavelengths of 485-510 nm.

Call or email for pricing and availability

