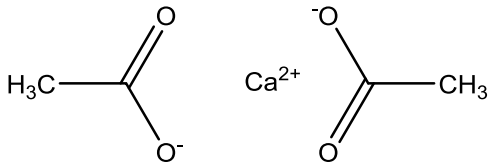
Certificate of Analysis

ISO 17034
ANAB Cert# AR-1470

ISO/IEC 17025
ANAB Cert# AT-1467

CALCIUM ACETATE

CERTIFIED REFERENCE MATERIAL



CERTIFIED PURITY: 89.6%, U_{crm} = ±0.5% k = 2.2
(Mass Balance/as is basis)

NOMINAL PACKAGE SIZE: 5g

CATALOG #: PHR1362 **LOT #:** LRAA1466

CERTIFICATE VERSION: LRAA1466.2 **ISSUE DATE:** 30 November 2018
Note: Certificates may be updated due to Pharmacopeial Lot changes or the availability of new data. Check our website at: www.sigma-aldrich.com *for the most current version.*

CRM EXPIRATION: 12 Months from Receipt (Proper Storage and Handling Required).

RECEIPT DATE: _____
Note: this space is provided for convenience only and its use is not required.

STORAGE: Store at Room Temperature, keep container tightly closed. Attachment of a 20 mm aluminum crimp seal recommended for unused portions.

CHEMICAL FORMULA: $Ca(C_2H_3O_2)_2$ **MW:** 158.2

PHYSICAL DESCRIPTION: White powder in amber vial **CAS #:** 62-54-4

HAZARDS: Read Safety Data Sheet before using. All chemical reference materials should be considered potentially hazardous and should be used only by qualified laboratory personnel.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE: Do not dry, use on the as is basis. The internal pressure of the container may be slightly different from the atmospheric pressure at the user's location. Open slowly and carefully to avoid dispersion of the material. This material is intended for Laboratory Use only. Not for drug, household or other uses.

TRACEABILITY ASSAY

Comparative assay demonstrates direct traceability to Pharmacopeial Standards

METHOD: ICP-MS

ASSAY vs. USP REFERENCE STANDARD (as is basis)

ASSAY VALUE	vs. USP LOT
89.1%	**R077Y0**
	Labeled Content = 94.1%

ASSAY BY TITRATION

Method: Titrate with 1N Sodium Hydroxide (**Calcium Acetate, Current Compendial Monographs)**

Mean of nine measurements: **99.8%,** U_{crm} = ±0.8%, k = 2.18

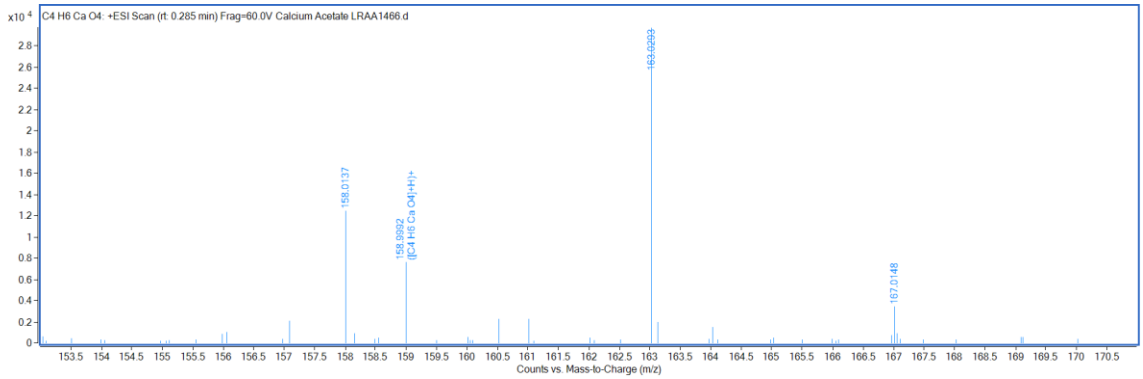
WATER DETERMINATION

Method: Karl Fisher titration (ref.: Current Compendial Monographs)
Mean of three measurements, Water Content = **10.4%**

IDENTIFICATION TESTS

MASS SPECTRUM

Method: HR-QTOF; 4.0 kV ESI+; temperature: 325 °C

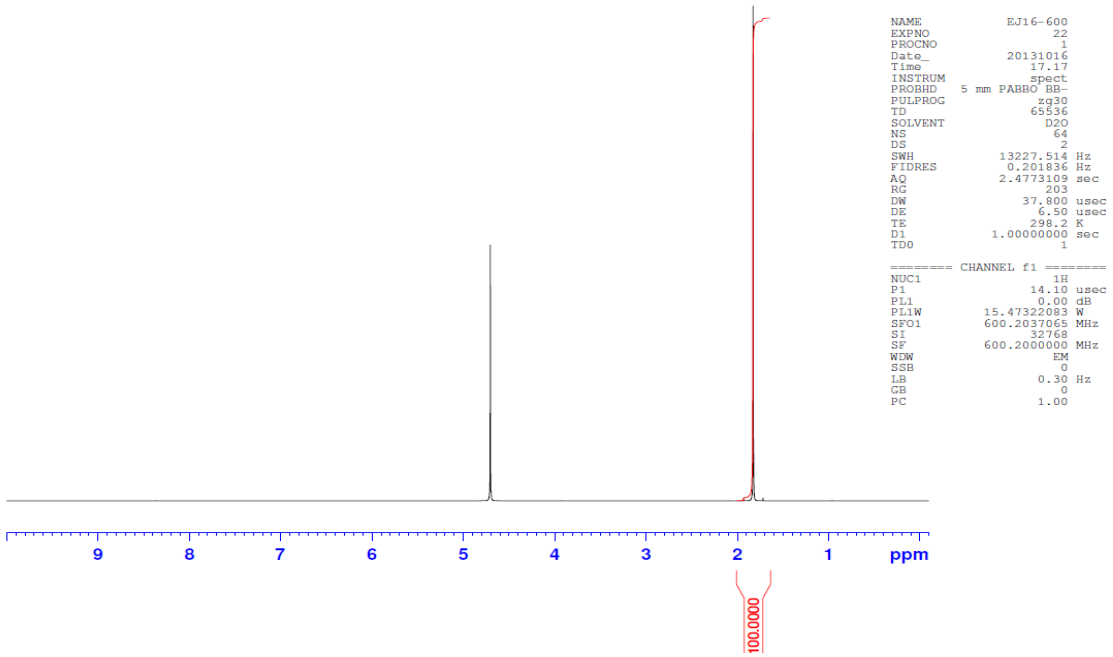


Theoretical value: 158.9970 m/z

The signal of the MS spectrum is consistent with the theoretical value and its interpretation is consistent with the structural formula.

^{1}H NMR (Data provided by an external laboratory; not in scope of accreditation)

LRAA1466 Calcium Acetate in D2O



Consistent with structure

ELEMENTAL ANALYSIS (Data provided by an external laboratory; not in scope of accreditation)

Exeter Analytical 440 Elemental Analyzer
Combustion method

%	Theoretical	Result 1	Result 2	Mean
C	30.37	30.75	30.73	30.74
H	3.83	4.07	3.94	4.01

HOMOGENEITY ASSESSMENT

Homogeneity was assessed in accordance with ISO Guide 35. Completed units were sampled using a random stratified sampling protocol. The results of chemical analysis were then compared by Single Factor Analysis of Variance (ANOVA). The uncertainty due to homogeneity was derived from the ANOVA. Heterogeneity was not detected under the conditions of the ANOVA.

Analytical Method: ICP-OES Sample size: ~ 50 mg

UNCERTAINTY STATEMENT

Uncertainty values in this document are expressed as Expanded Uncertainty (U_{crm}) corresponding to the 95% confidence interval. U_{crm} is derived from the combined standard uncertainty multiplied by the coverage factor k, which is obtained from a *t*-distribution and degrees of freedom. The components of combined standard uncertainty include the uncertainties due to characterization, homogeneity, long term stability, and short term stability (transport). The components due to stability are generally considered to be negligible unless otherwise indicated by stability studies.

STABILITY ASSESSMENT

Significance of the stability assessment will be demonstrated if the analytical result of the study and the range of values represented by the Expanded Uncertainty do not overlap the result of the original assay and the range of its values represented by the Expanded Uncertainty. The method employed will usually be the same method used to characterize the assay value in the initial evaluation.

Long Term Stability Evaluation - An assessment, or re-test, versus a Compendial Reference Standard may be scheduled, within the 3 year anniversary date of a release of a Secondary Standard. The re-test interval will be determined on a case-by-case basis.

Short Term Stability Study - It is useful to assess stability under reasonably anticipated, short term transport conditions by simulating exposure of the product to humidity and temperature stress. This type of study is conducted under controlled conditions of elevated temperature and humidity.

QC Manager

Head Quality Assurance

APPENDIX

Original Release Date:	24 October 2013
Stability Test Date:	30 November 2018
Requalification Test Date:	30 November 2018

Manufactured and certified by Sigma-Aldrich RTC, Inc.
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