

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

Version 8.1  
Revision Date 11/27/2023  
Print Date 04/06/2024**SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking****1.1 Product identifiers**

Product name : Lithium hexafluorophosphate solution, in ethylene carbonate and dimethyl carbonate, 2.0 M LiPF<sub>6</sub> in EC/DMC= 50/50(v/v), battery grade

Product Number : 809357  
Brand : Aldrich

**1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

Identified uses : Laboratory chemicals, Synthesis of substances

**1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet**

Company : Sigma-Aldrich Inc.  
3050 SPRUCE ST  
ST. LOUIS MO 63103  
UNITED STATES

Telephone : +1 314 771-5765  
Fax : +1 800 325-5052

**1.4 Emergency telephone**

Emergency Phone # : 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC (USA) +1-703-527-3887 CHEMTREC (International) 24 Hours/day; 7 Days/week

**SECTION 2: Hazards identification****2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture****GHS Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS)**

Flammable liquids (Category 3), H226  
Acute toxicity, Oral (Category 4), H302  
Skin irritation (Category 2), H315  
Eye irritation (Category 2A), H319  
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Inhalation (Category 1), Bone, Teeth, H372  
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Oral (Category 2), Kidney, H373

Aldrich - 809357

Page 1 of 13

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

## 2.2 GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H226	Flammable liquid and vapor.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H372	Causes damage to organs (Bone, Teeth) through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.
H373	May cause damage to organs (Kidney) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

Precautionary Statements

P210	Keep away from heat/ sparks/ open flames/ hot surfaces. No smoking.
P233	Keep container tightly closed.
P240	Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
P241	Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting/ equipment.
P242	Use only non-sparking tools.
P243	Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
P260	Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapors/ spray.
P264	Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P280	Wear protective gloves/ eye protection/ face protection.
P301 + P312 + P330	IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.
P303 + P361 + P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.
P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P314	Get medical advice/ attention if you feel unwell.
P332 + P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
P337 + P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
P362	Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
P370 + P378	In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.
P403 + P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P501	Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

## 2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) or not covered by GHS - none

---

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.2 Mixtures

Aldrich - 809357

Page 2 of 13

Synonyms : 2M LiPF6 [EC/DMC=50/50(v/v)]

Component		Classification	Concentration
<b>ethylene carbonate</b>			
CAS-No.	96-49-1	Acute Tox. 4; Eye Irrit. 2A; STOT RE 2; H302, H319, H373	>= 30 - < 50 %
EC-No.	202-510-0		
<b>lithium hexafluoro phosphate</b>			
CAS-No.	21324-40-3	Acute Tox. 3; Skin Corr. 1A; Eye Dam. 1; STOT RE 1; H301, H314, H318, H372	>= 20 - < 30 %
EC-No.	244-334-7		

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

---

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1 Description of first-aid measures

#### General advice

Hydrofluoric (HF) acid burns require immediate and specialized first aid and medical treatment. Symptoms may be delayed up to 24 hours depending on the concentration of HF. After decontamination with water, further damage can occur due to penetration/absorption of the fluoride ion. Treatment should be directed toward binding the fluoride ion as well as the effects of exposure. Skin exposures can be treated with a 2.5% calcium gluconate gel repeated until burning ceases. More serious skin exposures may require subcutaneous calcium gluconate except for digital areas unless the physician is experienced in this technique, due to the potential for tissue injury from increased pressure. Absorption can readily occur through the subungual areas and should be considered when undergoing decontamination. Prevention of absorption of the fluoride ion in cases of ingestion can be obtained by giving milk, chewable calcium carbonate tablets or Milk of Magnesia to conscious victims. Conditions such as hypocalcemia, hypomagnesemia and cardiac arrhythmias should be monitored for, since they can occur after exposure. Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

#### If inhaled

After inhalation: fresh air. Call in physician.

#### In case of skin contact

First treatment with calcium gluconate paste. In case of skin contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.

#### In case of eye contact

After eye contact: rinse out with plenty of water. Call in ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses.

#### If swallowed

After swallowing: immediately make victim drink water (two glasses at most). Consult a physician.

#### **4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

#### **4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

No data available

---

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### **5.1 Extinguishing media**

##### **Suitable extinguishing media**

Water Foam Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) Dry powder

##### **Unsuitable extinguishing media**

For this substance/mixture no limitations of extinguishing agents are given.

#### **5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

Carbon oxides

Oxides of phosphorus

Hydrogen fluoride

Lithium oxides

Mixture with combustible ingredients.

Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors.

Forms explosive mixtures with air at elevated temperatures.

Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapours possible in the event of fire.

#### **5.3 Advice for firefighters**

Stay in danger area only with self-contained breathing apparatus. Prevent skin contact by keeping a safe distance or by wearing suitable protective clothing.

#### **5.4 Further information**

Remove container from danger zone and cool with water. Suppress (knock down) gases/vapors/mists with a water spray jet. Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

---

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### **6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Advice for non-emergency personnel: Do not breathe vapors, aerosols. Avoid substance contact. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Evacuate the danger area, observe emergency procedures, consult an expert. For personal protection see section 8.

#### **6.2 Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Risk of explosion.

#### **6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**

Cover drains. Collect, bind, and pump off spills. Observe possible material restrictions (see sections 7 and 10). Take up carefully with liquid-absorbent material (e.g. Chemizorb®). Dispose of properly. Clean up affected area.

## 6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

---

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

#### Advice on safe handling

Work under hood. Do not inhale substance/mixture. Avoid generation of vapours/aerosols.

#### Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

#### Hygiene measures

Immediately change contaminated clothing. Apply preventive skin protection. Wash hands and face after working with substance.

For precautions see section 2.2.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### Storage conditions

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Keep locked up or in an area accessible only to qualified or authorized persons.

Air-, heat-, and moisture-sensitive. Handle under nitrogen, protect from moisture. Do not store in glass

#### Storage class

Storage class (TRGS 510): 3: Flammable liquids

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

---

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Component	CAS-No.	Value	Control parameters	Basis
lithium hexafluoro phosphate	21324-40-3	TWA	2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants
		TWA	2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
	Remarks	Not classifiable as a human carcinogen		

		PEL	2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	California permissible exposure limits for chemical contaminants (Title 8, Article 107)
--	--	-----	-----------------------	-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

### Biological occupational exposure limits

Component	CAS-No.	Parameters	Value	Biological specimen	Basis
lithium hexafluoro phosphate	21324-40-3	Fluoride	2 mg/l	Urine	ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
	Remarks	Prior to shift (16 hours after exposure ceases)			
		Fluoride	3 mg/l	Urine	ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
		End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)			

## 8.2 Exposure controls

### Appropriate engineering controls

Immediately change contaminated clothing. Apply preventive skin protection. Wash hands and face after working with substance.

### Personal protective equipment

#### Eye/face protection

Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU). Safety glasses

#### Skin protection

required

#### Body Protection

Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing.

#### Respiratory protection

Recommended Filter type: Filter type ABEK

The entrepreneur has to ensure that maintenance, cleaning and testing of respiratory protective devices are carried out according to the instructions of the producer.

These measures have to be properly documented. required when vapours/aerosols are generated.

Our recommendations on filtering respiratory protection are based on the following standards: DIN EN 143, DIN 14387 and other accompanying standards relating to the used respiratory protection system.

#### Control of environmental exposure

Do not let product enter drains. Risk of explosion.

---

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

a) Appearance	Form: liquid
b) Odor	No data available
c) Odor Threshold	No data available
d) pH	No data available
e) Melting point/freezing point	No data available
f) Initial boiling point and boiling range	No data available
g) Flash point	25 °C (77 °F)
h) Evaporation rate	No data available
i) Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available
j) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	No data available
k) Vapor pressure	No data available
l) Vapor density	No data available
m) Density	1.3634 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Relative density	No data available
n) Water solubility	No data available
o) Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available
p) Autoignition temperature	No data available
q) Decomposition temperature	No data available
r) Viscosity	No data available
s) Explosive properties	Not classified as explosive.
t) Oxidizing properties	none

### 9.2 Other safety information

No data available

---

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1 Reactivity

Vapor/air-mixtures are explosive at intense warming.

Aldrich - 809357

Page 7 of 13

## 10.2 Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature) .

## 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available

## 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Heating.

## 10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents, glass

## 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of fire: see section 5

---

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Mixture

##### Acute toxicity

Oral: No data available

Symptoms: Possible symptoms:, mucosal irritations

Acute toxicity estimate Dermal - > 5,000 mg/kg

(Calculation method)

##### Skin corrosion/irritation

Remarks: No data available

##### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Remarks: No data available

##### Respiratory or skin sensitization

No data available

##### Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

##### Carcinogenicity

IARC: No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

NTP: No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.

##### Reproductive toxicity

No data available

##### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

No data available

##### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Mixture causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

- Bone, Teeth



Mixture may cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  
- Kidney

#### **Aspiration hazard**

No data available

### **11.2 Additional Information**

Fluoride ion can reduce serum calcium levels possibly causing fatal hypocalcemia.  
Other dangerous properties can not be excluded.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

#### **Components**

##### **ethylene carbonate**

###### **Acute toxicity**

Acute toxicity estimate Oral - 500.1 mg/kg

(Expert judgment)

Inhalation: No data available

LD50 Dermal - Rat - male and female - > 2,000 mg/kg

(OECD Test Guideline 402)

###### **Skin corrosion/irritation**

Skin - Rabbit

Result: No skin irritation - 4 h

(OECD Test Guideline 404)

###### **Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

Eyes - Rabbit

Result: Irritating to eyes. - 1 - 2 s

(OECD Test Guideline 405)

###### **Respiratory or skin sensitization**

Buehler Test - Guinea pig

Result: negative

(OECD Test Guideline 406)

###### **Germ cell mutagenicity**

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Test system: mouse lymphoma cells

Result: negative

Test Type: Ames test

Test system: Escherichia coli/Salmonella typhimurium

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Test system: Chinese hamster lung cells

Result: negative

###### **Carcinogenicity**

IARC: No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

NTP: No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than

Aldrich - 809357

Page 9 of 13

or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.

**Reproductive toxicity**

No data available

**Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure**

No data available

**Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure**

Oral - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  
- Kidney

**Aspiration hazard**

No data available

**lithium hexafluoro phosphate**

**Acute toxicity**

LD50 Oral - Rat - female - > 50 - 300 mg/kg

(OECD Test Guideline 423)

Inhalation: No data available

Dermal: No data available

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

Skin - Human

Result: Causes severe burns.

(OECD Test Guideline 431)

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

Remarks: Causes serious eye damage.

**Respiratory or skin sensitization**

Local lymph node assay (LLNA) - Mouse

Result: negative

(OECD Test Guideline 429)

**Germ cell mutagenicity**

Test Type: Ames test

Test system: Escherichia coli/Salmonella typhimurium

Result: negative

**Carcinogenicity**

No data available

**Reproductive toxicity**

No data available

**Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure**

No data available

**Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure**

Inhalation - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  
- Bone, Teeth

**Aspiration hazard**  
No data available

---

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

#### Mixture

No data available

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted

### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

No data available

### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No data available

#### Components

##### ethylene carbonate

Toxicity to fish	static test LC50 - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) - > 100 mg/l - 96 h (OECD Test Guideline 203)
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	static test LC50 - Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea) - 5,900 mg/l - 48 h (US-EPA)
Toxicity to algae	static test ErC50 - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - > 100 mg/l - 72 h (OECD Test Guideline 201)
	static test NOEC - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - 100 mg/l - 72 h (OECD Test Guideline 201)
Toxicity to bacteria	static test EC50 - activated sludge - > 1,000 mg/l - 30 min (OECD Test Guideline 209)

##### lithium hexafluoro phosphate

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	static test EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - > 100 mg/l - 48 h (OECD Test Guideline 202)
-----------------------------------------------------	------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

Toxicity to algae	static test ErC50 - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - > 100 mg/l - 96 h (OECD Test Guideline 201)
Toxicity to bacteria	static test EC50 - activated sludge - > 1,000 mg/l - 3 h (OECD Test Guideline 209)

---

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### Product

Waste material must be disposed of in accordance with the national and local regulations. Leave chemicals in original containers. No mixing with other waste. Handle uncleaned containers like the product itself. See [www.retrologistik.com](http://www.retrologistik.com) for processes regarding the return of chemicals and containers, or contact us there if you have further questions.

---

## SECTION 14: Transport information

#### DOT (US)

UN number: 1993 Class: 3 Packing group: III  
 Proper shipping name: Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (dimethyl carbonate)  
 Reportable Quantity (RQ):  
 Poison Inhalation Hazard: No

#### IMDG

UN number: 1993 Class: 3 Packing group: III EMS-No: F-E, S-E  
 Proper shipping name: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (dimethyl carbonate)

#### IATA

UN number: 1993 Class: 3 Packing group: III  
 Proper shipping name: Flammable liquid, n.o.s. (dimethyl carbonate)

---

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### SARA 302 Components

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

#### SARA 313 Components

This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

#### SARA 311/312 Hazards

Fire Hazard, Acute Health Hazard

Aldrich - 809357

Page 12 of 13

### Massachusetts Right To Know Components

	CAS-No.	Revision Date
ethylene carbonate	96-49-1	
	616-38-6	2007-03-01
dimethyl carbonate		

### Pennsylvania Right To Know Components

	CAS-No.	Revision Date
ethylene carbonate	96-49-1	
	616-38-6	2007-03-01
dimethyl carbonate		

---

## SECTION 16: Other information

### Further information

The information is believed to be correct but is not exhaustive and will be used solely as a guideline, which is based on current knowledge of the chemical substance or mixture and is applicable to appropriate safety precautions for the product. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. Sigma-Aldrich Corporation and its Affiliates shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product. See [www.sigma-aldrich.com](http://www.sigma-aldrich.com) and/or the reverse side of invoice or packing slip for additional terms and conditions of sale.

Copyright 2020 Sigma-Aldrich Co. LLC. License granted to make unlimited paper copies for internal use only.

The branding on the header and/or footer of this document may temporarily not visually match the product purchased as we transition our branding. However, all of the information in the document regarding the product remains unchanged and matches the product ordered. For further information please contact [misbranding@sial.com](mailto:misbranding@sial.com).

Version: 8.1

Revision Date: 11/27/2023

Print Date: 04/06/2024