SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifiers

Product name : Carbon disulfide

Product Number : 335266
Brand : Sigma-Aldrich
Index-No. : 006-003-00-3
CAS-No. : 75-15-0

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Laboratory chemicals, Synthesis of substances

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : Sigma-Aldrich Inc.
3050 SPRUCE ST
ST. LOUIS MO  63103
UNITED STATES

Telephone : +1 314 771-5765
Fax : +1 800 325-5052

1.4 Emergency telephone

Emergency Phone # : 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC (USA) +1-703-527-3887 CHEMTREC (International) 24 Hours/day; 7 Days/week

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS)

- Flammable liquids (Category 2), H225
- Acute toxicity, Inhalation (Category 4), H332
- Skin irritation (Category 2), H315
- Eye irritation (Category 2A), H319
- Reproductive toxicity (Category 2), H361
- Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Category 1), Peripheral nervous system, Central nervous system, Cardio-vascular system, Eyes, H372
- Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard (Category 2), H401

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

2.2 GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements
The life science business of Merck KGaA, Darmstadt, Germany operates as MilliporeSigma in the US and Canada

2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) or not covered by GHS - none
SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Concentration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Carbon Disulfide</td>
<td>Flam. Liq. 2; Acute Tox. 4; Skin Irrit. 2; Eye Irrit. 2A; Repr. 2; STOT RE 1; Aquatic Acute 2; H225, H332, H315, H319, H361, H372, H401 Concentration limits: &gt;= 1 %: Repr. 2, H361fd; &gt;= 1 %: STOT RE 1, H372; 0.2 - &lt; 1 %: STOT RE 2, H373;</td>
<td>&lt;= 100 %</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Component Classification Concentration

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first-aid measures

**General advice**
Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

**If inhaled**
After inhalation: fresh air. Immediately call in physician. If breathing stops: immediately apply artificial respiration, if necessary also oxygen.

**In case of skin contact**
In case of skin contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Consult a physician.

**In case of eye contact**
After eye contact: rinse out with plenty of water. Call in ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses.

**If swallowed**
After swallowing: immediately make victim drink water (two glasses at most). Consult a physician.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
No data available
SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media
- Water
- Foam
- Carbon dioxide (CO2)
- Dry powder

Unsuitable extinguishing media
For this substance/mixture no limitations of extinguishing agents are given.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Carbon oxides
- Sulfur oxides
- Flash back possible over considerable distance.
- Container explosion may occur under fire conditions.
- Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.
- May explode when heated.
- Combustible.
- Pay attention to flashback.
- Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors.
- Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapours possible in the event of fire.
- Forms explosive mixtures with air at ambient temperatures.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

- Stay in danger area only with self-contained breathing apparatus.
- Prevent skin contact by keeping a safe distance or by wearing suitable protective clothing.

5.4 Further information

- Remove container from danger zone and cool with water.
- Suppress (knock down) gases/vapors/mists with a water spray jet.
- Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- Advice for non-emergency personnel: Do not breathe vapors, aerosols. Avoid substance contact. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Evacuate the danger area, observe emergency procedures, consult an expert. For personal protection see section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions

- Do not let product enter drains. Risk of explosion.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Cover drains. Collect, bind, and pump off spills. Observe possible material restrictions (see sections 7 and 10). Take up carefully with liquid-absorbent material (e.g. Chemizorb®). Dispose of properly. Clean up affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

- For disposal see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling
- Work under hood. Do not inhale substance/mixture. Avoid generation of vapours/aerosols.
**Advice on protection against fire and explosion**
Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

**Hygiene measures**
Immediately change contaminated clothing. Apply preventive skin protection. Wash hands and face after working with substance.
For precautions see section 2.2.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

**Storage conditions**
Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Keep locked up or in an area accessible only to qualified or authorized persons.
Refrigerate before opening.

**Storage class**
Storage class (TRGS 510): 3: Flammable liquids

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)
Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

---

**SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Control parameters</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Carbon Disulfide</td>
<td>75-15-0</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>1 ppm</td>
<td>USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Remarks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Not classifiable as a human carcinogen</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Danger of cutaneous absorption</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>1 ppm 3 mg/m³</td>
<td>USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Potential for dermal absorption</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>ST</td>
<td>10 ppm 30 mg/m³</td>
<td>USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Potential for dermal absorption</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>20 ppm</td>
<td>USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>CEIL</td>
<td>30 ppm</td>
<td>USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Peak</td>
<td>100 ppm</td>
<td>USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>PEL</td>
<td>1 ppm 3 mg/m³</td>
<td>California permissible exposure limits for chemical contaminants (Title 8, Article 107)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Skin
STEL  
12 ppm  
36 mg/m³  
California permissible exposure limits for chemical contaminants (Title 8, Article 107)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Parameters</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Biological specimen</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Carbon Disulfide</td>
<td>75-15-0</td>
<td>2-Thiothiazolidine-4-carboxylic acid (TTCA)</td>
<td>0.5mg/g Creatinine</td>
<td>Urine</td>
<td>ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Remarks**  
End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)

### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### Appropriate engineering controls
Immediately change contaminated clothing. Apply preventive skin protection. Wash hands and face after working with substance.

#### Personal protective equipment

**Eye/face protection**
Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU). Safety glasses

**Skin protection**
This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet, supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN374 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Internet: www.kcl.de).

**Full contact**
Material: Viton®
Minimum layer thickness: 0.7 mm
Break through time: 480 min
Material tested: Vitoject® (KCL 890 / Aldrich Z677698, Size M)

This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet, supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN374 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Internet: www.kcl.de).

**Splash contact**
Material: butyl-rubber
Minimum layer thickness: 0.7 mm
Break through time: 30 min
Material tested: Butoject® (KCL 898)

**Body Protection**
Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing.
**Respiratory protection**
required when vapours/aerosols are generated. Our recommendations on filtering respiratory protection are based on the following standards: DIN EN 143, DIN 14387 and other accompanying standards relating to the used respiratory protection system.

**Control of environmental exposure**
Do not let product enter drains. Risk of explosion.

---

### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>a) Appearance</strong></td>
<td>Form: clear, liquid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>b) Odor</strong></td>
<td>odorless</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>c) Odor Threshold</strong></td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>d) pH</strong></td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>e) Melting point/freezing point</strong></td>
<td>Melting point/range: -112 - -111 °C (-170 - -168 °F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>f) Initial boiling point and boiling range</strong></td>
<td>46 °C 115 °F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>g) Flash point</strong></td>
<td>-30 °C (-22 °F) - c.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>h) Evaporation rate</strong></td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>i) Flammability (solid, gas)</strong></td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>j) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits</strong></td>
<td>Upper explosion limit: 60 %(V) Lower explosion limit: 1 %(V)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>k) Vapor pressure</strong></td>
<td>274 hPa at 25 °C (77 °F) - OECD Test Guideline 104</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>l) Vapor density</strong></td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>m) Density</strong></td>
<td>1.266 g/mL at 25 °C (77 °F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>n) Water solubility</strong></td>
<td>2.9 g/l at 20 °C (68 °F) - OECD Test Guideline 105 - soluble</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>o) Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</strong></td>
<td>log Pow: 2.7 at 25 °C (77 °F) - OECD Test Guideline 117 - Bioaccumulation is not expected.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>p) Autoignition temperature</strong></td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>q) Decomposition temperature</strong></td>
<td>415 °C (779 °F), 89.7 kJ/mol -</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>r) Viscosity</strong></td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>s) Explosive properties</strong></td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>t) Oxidizing properties</strong></td>
<td>none</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### 9.2 Other safety information

- **Surface tension**: 71.9 mN/m at 1g/l at 19.5 °C (67.1 °F) - OECD Test Guideline
SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity
Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.

10.2 Chemical stability
The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature).

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
Risk of explosion with:
- nitrogen oxides
- permanganic acid
- Oxidizing agents
- halogen-halogen compounds
- halogen oxides
- Iron
- ferric oxide
- Chlorine
- hydrazines
- powdered aluminium
- chlorine oxides
- Potassium
- potassium permanganate
- Lithium
- sodium
- nitrogen dioxide
- azides
Risk of ignition or formation of inflammable gases or vapours with:
- Fluorine
- phosphorus
- sulfur
- Activated charcoal
- Powdered metals
- Reducing agents
- Exothermic reaction with:
  - Zinc
  - Acids

10.4 Conditions to avoid
Warming.

10.5 Incompatible materials
rubber, various plastics

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products
In the event of fire: see section 5
SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity
LD₅₀ Oral - Rat - female - > 2,000 mg/kg
(OECD Test Guideline 423)
LC₅₀ Inhalation - Rat - male and female - 4 h - 10.35 mg/l - vapor

(OECD Test Guideline 403)
Dermal: No data available

Skin corrosion/irritation
Skin - Rabbit
Result: Severe irritations
(IUCLID)

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Eyes - Human
Result: Severe irritations
(IUCLID)

Respiratory or skin sensitization
Local lymph node assay (LLNA) - Mouse
Result: negative
(OECD Test Guideline 429)

Germ cell mutagenicity
Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Test system: mouse lymphoma cells
Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
Result: negative

Test Type: Micronucleus test
Species: Mouse
Cell type: Red blood cells (erythrocytes)
Application Route: inhalation (vapor)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: negative

Carcinogenicity
IARC: No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.
NTP: No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.
OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA’s list of regulated carcinogens.

Reproductive toxicity
Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
No data available
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- Peripheral nervous system, Central nervous system, Cardio-vascular system, Eyes
Remarks: Classified according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008, Annex VI (Table 3.1/3.2)

Aspiration hazard
No data available

11.2 Additional Information
RTECS: FF6650000
May cause convulsions.
To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.

After uptake of large quantities:
inebriation
agitation, spasms
Unconsciousness
narcosis
Cyanosis
drop in blood pressure

After long-term exposure to the chemical:

Tiredness
muscular symptoms

After a latency period:

Stomach/intestinal disorders
psychoses
Changes in the blood count
Cardiac irregularities

Damage to:

Liver
Kidney

This substance should be handled with particular care.

Liver - Irregularities - Based on Human Evidence

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity to fish
semi-static test LC50 - Danio rerio (zebra fish) - 3 mg/l - 96 h
(OECD Test Guideline 203)

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates
EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 2.1 mg/l - 48 h
(OECD Test Guideline 202)
Toxicity to algae static test EC50 - Chlorella pyrenoidosa - 21 mg/l - 96 h
(OECD Test Guideline 201)

Toxicity to bacteria static test EC50 - Bacteria - 13 mg/l - 24 h
Remarks: (ECHA)

12.2 Persistence and degradability
Biodegradability aerobic - Exposure time 28 d
Result: > 80 % - Readily biodegradable.
(OECD Test Guideline 301D)

Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) 1.47 mg/g
Remarks: (IUCLID)

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential
No data available

12.4 Mobility in soil
No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties
No data available

12.7 Other adverse effects
Additional ecological information
Hazard for drinking water supplies.
Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

Stability in water - > 1 yr
Remarks: (IUCLID)

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product
Waste material must be disposed of in accordance with the national and local regulations. Leave chemicals in original containers. No mixing with other waste. Handle uncleaned containers like the product itself. See www.retrologistik.com for processes regarding the return of chemicals and containers, or contact us there if you have further questions.

SECTION 14: Transport information

DOT (US)
UN number: 1131 Class: 3 (6.1) Packing group: I
Proper shipping name: Carbon disulfide
Reportable Quantity (RQ): 100 lbs
Poison Inhalation Hazard: No
IMDG
UN number: 1131    Class: 3 (6.1)       Packing group: I       EMS-No: F-E, S-D
Proper shipping name: CARBON DISULPHIDE

IATA
UN number: 1131    Class: 3 (6.1)
Proper shipping name: Carbon disulphide
IATA Passenger: Not permitted for transport
IATA Cargo: Not permitted for transport

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

SARA 302 Components
Carbon Disulfide    CAS-No.    Revision Date
75-15-0             2008-11-03

SARA 313 Components
The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313:
Carbon Disulfide    CAS-No.    Revision Date
75-15-0             2008-11-03

SARA 311/312 Hazards
Fire Hazard, Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

Reportable Quantity: F005 lbs

Massachusetts Right To Know Components
Carbon Disulfide    CAS-No.    Revision Date
75-15-0             2008-11-03

Pennsylvania Right To Know Components
Carbon Disulfide    CAS-No.    Revision Date
75-15-0             2008-11-03

California Prop. 65 Components
which is/are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.Carbon Disulfide

CAS-No.    Revision Date
75-15-0             2008-06-17

SECTION 16: Other information

Further information
The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. The information in this document is based on the present state of our knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety precautions. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. Sigma-Aldrich Corporation and its Affiliates shall not be held liable for any
damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product. See www.sigma-aldrich.com and/or the reverse side of invoice or packing slip for additional terms and conditions of sale.

Copyright 2020 Sigma-Aldrich Co. LLC. License granted to make unlimited paper copies for internal use only.
The branding on the header and/or footer of this document may temporarily not visually match the product purchased as we transition our branding. However, all of the information in the document regarding the product remains unchanged and matches the product ordered. For further information please contact mlsbranding@sial.com.

Version: 6.6 Revision Date: 02/07/2023 Print Date: 08/12/2023