C-Peptide EIA Kit
for serum, plasma, culture supernatant, and cell lysates

Catalog Number RAB0326
Storage Temperature –20 °C

TECHNICAL BULLETIN

Product Description
The C-Peptide Enzyme Immunoassay (EIA) Kit is an *in vitro* quantitative assay for detecting C-Peptide based on the principle of competitive enzyme immunoassay. The microplate in the kit is pre-coated with anti-rabbit secondary antibody. After a blocking step and incubation of the plate with anti-C-Peptide antibody, both biotinylated C-Peptide, and peptide standard or targeted peptide in samples interacts competitively with the C-Peptide antibody. Uncompeted (bound) biotinylated C-Peptide then interacts with Streptavidin-horseradish peroxidase (SA-HRP), which catalyzes a color development reaction. The intensity of colorimetric signal is directly proportional to the amount of biotinylated peptide-SA-HRP complex and inversely proportional to the amount of C-Peptide in the standard or samples. This is due to the competitive binding to C-Peptide antibody between biotinylated C-Peptide and peptides in standard or samples. A standard curve of known concentration of C-Peptide can be established and the concentration of C-Peptide in the samples can be calculated accordingly.

Components
1. 96-well plate coated with secondary antibody (Item A) - RAB0326A: 96 wells (12 strips x 8 wells) coated with secondary antibody.
2. 20x Wash Buffer (Item B) - RABWASH3: 25 ml
3. EIA C-Peptide standard (Item C) - RAB0326C: 2 vials, 10 µl/vial
4. Anti-C-Peptide Detection Antibody (Item N) - RAB0326F: 2 vials, 6 µl/vial
5. EIA Assay Diluent A (Item D) - RABDIL9: 30 ml, contains 0.09% sodium azide as preservative. Diluent for standards, and serum or plasma samples.
6. EIA 5x Assay Diluent B (Item E) - RABDIL10: 15 ml of 5x concentrated buffer. Diluent for standards, and cell culture media or other sample types.
7. Biotinylated C-Peptide (Item F) - RAB0326G: 2 vials, 20 µl/vial
8. 200x HRP-streptavidin (Item G) - RABHRP3: 600 µl of 200x concentrated HRP-conjugated Streptavidin.
9. C-Peptide Positive Control Sample, Lyophilized (Item M) - RAB0326K: 1 vial, 100 µl
10. TMB Substrate solution (Item H) - RABTMB2: 12 ml of 3,3',5,5'-tetramethylbenzidine (TMB) in buffered solution.
11. Stop Solution (Item I) - RABSTOP2: 8 ml of 0.2 M sulfuric acid.

Reagents and Equipment Required but Not Provided.
1. Microplate reader capable of measuring absorbance at 450nm.
2. Precision pipettes to deliver 2 µl to 1 ml volumes.
4. 100 ml and 1 liter graduated cylinders.
5. Absorbent paper.
6. Distilled or deionized water.
7. SigmaPlot software (or other software which can perform four-parameter logistic regression models)
8. Tubes to prepare standard or sample dilutions.
9. Orbital shaker
10. Aluminum foil
11. Saran Wrap

Precautions and Disclaimer
This product is for Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. Please consult the Safety Data Sheet for information regarding hazards and safe handling practices.

Preparation Instructions
1. Keep kit reagents on ice during reagent preparation steps. Equilibrate plate to room temperature before opening the sealed pouch.
2. Assay Diluent B (Item E) should be diluted 5-fold with deionized or distilled water.
3. Briefly centrifuge the Anti-C-Peptide Antibody vial (Item N) before use. Add 50 μl of 1x Assay Diluent B into the vial to prepare a detection antibody concentrate. Pipette up and down to mix gently.

4. The antibody concentrate should then be diluted 100-fold with 1x Assay Diluent B. This is the anti-C-Peptide antibody working solution, which will be used in Procedure, step 2.

Note: The following steps may be done during the antibody incubation procedure (Procedure, step 2).

5. Briefly centrifuge the vial of Biotinylated C-Peptide (Item F) before use. Add 5 μl of Item F to 5 ml of the appropriate Assay Diluent. Pipette up and down to mix gently. The final concentration of biotinylated C-Peptide will be 10 ng/ml. This solution will only be used as the diluent in Preparation, step 6.

6. Preparation of Standards: Label 6 microtubes with the following concentrations: 1,000 ng/ml, 100 ng/ml, 10 ng/ml, 1 ng/ml, 100 pg/ml, and 0 pg/ml. Pipette 450 μl of biotinylated C-Peptide solution into each tube, except for the 1,000 ng/ml (leave this one empty). It is very important to make sure the concentration of biotinylated C-Peptide is 10 ng/ml in all standards.

a. Briefly centrifuge the vial of C-Peptide (Item C). In the tube labeled 1,000 ng/ml, pipette 8 μl of Item C and 792 μl of 10 ng/ml biotinylated C-Peptide solution (see step 5). This is your C-Peptide stock solution (1,000 ng/ml C-Peptide, 10 ng/ml biotinylated C-Peptide). Mix thoroughly. This solution serves as the first standard.

b. To make the 100 ng/ml standard, pipette 50 μl of C-Peptide stock solution to the tube labeled 100 ng/ml. Mix thoroughly.

c. Repeat this step with each successive concentration, preparing a dilution series (see Figure 1). Each time, use 450 μl of biotinylated C-Peptide and 50 μl of the prior concentration until 100 pg/ml is reached. Mix each tube thoroughly before the next transfer.

d. The final tube (0 pg/ml C-Peptide, 10 ng/ml biotinylated C-Peptide) serves as the zero standard (or total binding).

Figure 1.
Dilution Series for Standards
7. Prepare a 10-fold dilution of Item F. To do this, add 2 μl of Item F to 18 μl of the appropriate Assay Diluent. This solution will be used in steps 8 and 10.

8. Positive Control Preparation: briefly centrifuge the positive control vial (Item M). To the tube of Item M add 101 μl of 1x Assay Diluent B. Also add 2 μl of 10-fold diluted Item F (see step 7) to the tube. This is a 2-fold dilution of the positive control. Mix thoroughly. The positive control is a cell culture medium sample with an expected signal between 10% and 30% of total binding (70-90% competition) if diluted as described above. It may be diluted further if desired, but be sure the final concentration of biotinylated C-Peptide is 10 ng/ml.

9. If Item B (20x Wash Concentrate) contains visible crystals, warm to room temperature and mix gently until dissolved. Dilute 20 ml of Wash Buffer Concentrate into deionized or distilled water to yield 400 ml of 1x Wash Buffer.

10. Sample Preparation: Use Assay Diluent A plus biotinylated C-Peptide to dilute serum/plasma samples. For cell culture medium and other sample types, use 1x Assay Diluent B plus biotinylated C-Peptide as the diluent. For example, to make a 4-fold dilution of sample, mix together 2.5 μl of 10-fold diluted Item F (see step 7), 185 μl of appropriate Assay Diluent, and 62.5 μl of the sample; mix gently. The total volume is 250 μl, enough for duplicate wells on the microplate.

   Notes: It is very important to make sure the final concentration of the biotinylated C-Peptide is 10 ng/ml in every sample.

   Do not use Item F diluent from step 5 for sample preparation. If use of undiluted samples is planned, biotinylated C-Peptide must be added to a final concentration of 10 ng/ml. For example, add 2.5 μl of 10-fold diluted Item F to 247.5 μl of sample.

11. Briefly centrifuge the HRP-Streptavidin vial (Item G) before use. The HRP-Streptavidin concentrate should be diluted 200-fold with 1x Assay Diluent B.

   Note: Do not use Assay Diluent A for HRP-Streptavidin preparation in Step 11.

Storage/Stability

Store the kit at –20 °C. It remains active for up to 1 year. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

The reconstituted standard should be stored at –20 °C or –70 °C (–70 °C is recommended). Opened microplate strips or reagents may be stored for up to 1 month at 2–8 °C. Return unused wells to the pouch containing desiccant pack and reseal along entire edge.
**Procedure**

1. Keep kit reagents on ice during reagent preparation steps. It is recommended that all standards and samples be run at least in duplicate.

2. Add 100 µl anti-C-Peptide antibody (see Preparation, step 4) to each well. Incubate for 1.5 hours at room temperature with gentle shaking (1–2 cycles/sec) or incubate overnight at 4 °C.

3. Discard the solution and wash wells 4 times with 1x Wash Buffer (200–300 µl each), Washing may be done with a multichannel pipette or an automated plate washer. Complete removal of liquid at each step is essential to good assay performance. After the last wash, remove any remaining Wash Buffer by aspirating or decanting. Invert the plate and blot it against clean paper towels.

4. Add 100 µl of each standard (see Preparation, step 6), positive control (see Preparation, step 8) and sample (see Preparation, step 10) into appropriate wells. Be sure to include a blank well (Assay Diluent only). Cover wells and incubate for 2.5 hours at room temperature with gentle shaking (1–2 cycles/sec) or incubate overnight at 4 °C.

5. Discard the solution and wash 4 times as directed in Step 3.

6. Add 100 µl of prepared HRP-Streptavidin solution (see Preparation, step 11) to each well. Incubate for 45 minutes at room temperature with gentle shaking. It is recommended that incubation time should not be shorter or longer than 45 minutes.

7. Discard the solution and wash 4 times as directed in Step 3.

8. Add 100 µl of TMB One-Step Substrate Reagent (Item H) to each well. Incubate for 30 minutes at room temperature in the dark with gentle shaking (1–2 cycles/sec).

9. Add 50 µl of Stop Solution (Item I) to each well. Read absorbances at 450 nm immediately.

**Results**

**Calculations**

Calculate the mean absorbance for each set of duplicate standards, controls and samples, and subtract the blank optical density. Plot the standard curve using SigmaPlot software (or other software which can perform four-parameter logistic regression models), with standard concentration on the x-axis and percentage of absorbance (see calculation below) on the y-axis. Draw the best-fit straight line through the standard points.

Percentage absorbance = \( \frac{B - \text{blank OD}}{B_0 - \text{blank OD}} \) where 

- \( B \) = OD of sample or standard and 
- \( B_0 \) = OD of zero standard (total binding)

**Typical Data**

Standard curve(s) is for demonstration only. Standard curve(s) must be run with each assay.

![C-Peptide EIA](image_url)
Product Profile
Sensitivity: The minimum detectable concentration of C-Peptide is is 772 pg/ml.

Reproducibility:
   Intra-Assay: CV <10%
   Inter-Assay: CV <15%

Specificity
This kit only detects C-peptide, not Insulin A or B chain.

Cross Reactivity: This ELISA kit shows no cross-reactivity with any of the cytokines tested: Ghrelin, Nesfatin, Angiotensin II, NPY and APC.

References
## Appendix
### Troubleshooting Guide

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