

**Enzymatic Assay of L-GLUTAMATE OXIDASE  
(EC 1.4.3.11)**

**PRINCIPLE:**

L-Glutamate + O<sub>2</sub> + H<sub>2</sub>O  $\xrightarrow{\text{L-Glutamate Oxidase}}$  α-Ketoglutaric Acid + NH<sub>3</sub> + H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>

2 H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> + H<sub>2</sub>O  $\xrightarrow{\text{Catalase}}$  2 H<sub>2</sub>O + O<sub>2</sub>

**CONDITIONS:** T = 30°C, pH = 7.4, A<sub>316nm</sub>, Light path = 1 cm

**METHOD:** Colorimetric

**REAGENTS:**

- A. 100 mM Potassium Phosphate Buffer, pH 7.4 at 30°C  
(Prepare 100 ml in deionized water using Potassium Phosphate, Monobasic, Anhydrous, Sigma Prod. No. P-5379. Adjust to pH 7.4 at 30°C with 1 M KOH.)
- B. 100 mM L-Glutamate Solution (L-Glu)  
(Prepare 2 ml in deionized water using L-Glutamic Acid, Monosodium Salt, Sigma Prod. No. G-1626.)
- C. 25% (w/v) Trichloroacetic Acid Solution (TCA)  
(Prepare 5 ml in deionized water using Trichloroacetic Acid, 6.1 N Solution, approximately 100% (w/v), Sigma Stock No. 490-10.)
- D. 1 M Acetate Buffer, pH 5.0 at 37°C (Acetate)  
(Prepare 25 ml in deionized water using Sodium Acetate, Trihydrate, Sigma Prod. No. S-8625. Adjust to pH 5.0 at 37°C with 1 M HCl.)
- E. 0.10% (w/v) 3-Methyl-2-Benzothiazolinone Hydrazone Solution (MBTH)  
(Prepare 10 ml in deionized water using 3-Methyl-2-Benzothiazolinone Hydrazone, Hydrochloride, Hydrate, Sigma Prod. No. M-8006.)
- F. 2.6 mM α-Ketoglutaric Acid Solution (KG)  
(Prepare 1 ml in Reagent A using α-Ketoglutaric Acid, Disodium Salt, Sigma Prod. No. K-3752.)

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**REAGENTS:** (continued)

- G. Catalase Enzyme Solution (Catalase)  
(Immediately before use, prepare a solution containing 300 units/ml of Catalase, Sigma Prod. No. C-9322, in cold deionized water.)
- H. L-Glutamate Oxidase Enzyme Solution (L-Glu Ox)  
(Immediately before use, prepare a solution containing 0.05 - 0.10 unit/ml of L-Glutamate Oxidase in cold Reagent A.)

**PROCEDURE:**

Pipette (in milliliters) the following reagents into suitable containers:

|                      | <u>Test</u> | <u>Blank</u> |
|----------------------|-------------|--------------|
| Reagent A (Buffer)   | 0.70        | 0.80         |
| Reagent G (Catalase) | 0.10        | 0.10         |
| Reagent B (L-Glu)    | 0.10        | 0.10         |

Mix by swirling and equilibrate to 30°C. Then add:

|                      |      |       |
|----------------------|------|-------|
| Reagent H (L-Glu Ox) | 0.10 | ----- |
|----------------------|------|-------|

Immediately mix by swirling and incubate at 30°C for exactly 20 minutes with shaking. Then add:

|                     |      |      |
|---------------------|------|------|
| Reagent C (TCA)     | 0.10 | 0.10 |
| Reagent D (Acetate) | 1.90 | 1.90 |
| Reagent E (MBTH)    | 0.80 | 0.80 |

Mix by swirling and incubate at 50°C for 30 minutes. Then allow to stand at room temperature for 20 minutes. Transfer the solutions to suitable cuvettes and record the  $A_{316nm}$  for both the Test and Blank using a suitable spectrophotometer.

**COLORIMETRIC ASSAY:**

Standard Curve:

Prepare a standard curve by pipetting (in milliliters) the following reagents into suitable containers:

|                | <u>Std 1</u> | <u>Std 2</u> | <u>Std 3</u> | <u>Std 4</u> | <u>Std 5</u> | <u>Std</u><br><u>Blank</u> |
|----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|----------------------------|
| Reagent F (KG) | 0.02         | 0.04         | 0.06         | 0.08         | 0.10         | -----                      |

|                    |      |      |      |      |      |      |
|--------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Reagent A (Buffer) | 0.98 | 0.96 | 0.94 | 0.92 | 0.90 | 1.00 |
|--------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|

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**COLORIMETRIC ASSAY:** (continued)

Mix by swirling and incubate at 30°C for exactly 20 minutes with shaking. Then add:

|                     | <u>Std 1</u> | <u>Std 2</u> | <u>Std 3</u> | <u>Std 4</u> | <u>Std 5</u> | <u>Std</u><br><u>Blank</u> |
|---------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|----------------------------|
| Reagent C (TCA)     | 0.10         | 0.10         | 0.10         | 0.10         | 0.10         | 0.10                       |
| Reagent D (Acetate) | 1.90         | 1.90         | 1.90         | 1.90         | 1.90         | 1.90                       |
| Reagent E (MBTH)    | 0.80         | 0.80         | 0.80         | 0.80         | 0.80         | 0.80                       |

Mix by swirling and incubate at 50°C for 30 minutes. Then allow to stand at room temperature for 20 minutes. Transfer the solutions to suitable cuvettes and record the  $A_{316nm}$  for the Standards and Standard Blank using a suitable spectrophotometer.

**CALCULATIONS:**

Standard Curve:

$$r A_{316nm} \text{ Standard} = A_{316nm} \text{ Standard} - A_{316nm} \text{ Standard Blank}$$

Prepare a standard curve by plotting the  $A_{316nm}$  for the Standard versus  $\mu\text{moles}$  of  $\alpha$ -Ketoglutarate.

Sample Determination:

$$r A_{316nm} \text{ Sample} = A_{316nm} \text{ Test} - A_{316nm} \text{ Blank}$$

Determine the  $\mu\text{moles}$  of  $\alpha$ -Ketoglutarate produced using the Standard curve.

$$\text{Units/ml enzyme} = \frac{(\mu\text{moles of } \alpha\text{-Ketoglutarate produced})(df)}{(20)(0.1)}$$

df = Dilution factor

20 = Time (in minutes) of assay as per the Unit Definition

0.1 = Volume (in milliliter) of enzyme used in assay

$$\text{Units/mg solid} = \frac{\text{units/ml enzyme}}{\text{mg solid/ml enzyme}}$$

$$\text{Units/mg protein} = \frac{\text{units/ml enzyme}}{\text{mg protein/ml enzyme}}$$

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**UNIT DEFINITION:**

One unit will form 1.0  $\mu$ mole of  $\alpha$ -ketoglutaric acid from L-glutamic acid per minute at pH 7.4 at 30°C.

**FINAL ASSAY CONCENTRATION:**

In a 1.00 ml reaction mix, the final concentrations are 80 mM potassium phosphate, 10 mM L-glutamic acid, 30 units catalase, and 0.005 - 0.01 unit L-glutamate oxidase.

**REFERENCES:**

Soda, K. (1968) *Analytical Biochemistry* **25**, 228-235

Kusakabe, H., Midorikawa, Y., Kuninaka, A., and Yoshino, H. (1983) *Agricultural Biological Chemistry* **47**, 179-182

**NOTES:**

1. Catalase Unit Definition: One unit will decompose 1.0  $\mu$ mole of  $H_2O_2$  per minute at pH 7.0 at 25°C, while the  $H_2O_2$  concentration falls from 10.3 to 9.2 mM.
2. This assay is based on the cited references.
3. Where Sigma Product or Stock numbers are specified, equivalent reagents may be substituted.

**This procedure is for informational purposes. For a current copy of Sigma's quality control procedure contact our Technical Service Department.**