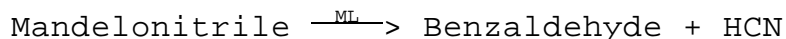


**Enzymatic Assay of MANDELONITRILE LYASE  
(EC 4.1.2.10)**

**PRINCIPLE:**



Abbreviations used:

ML = Mandelonitrile Lyase

HCN = Hydrogen Cyanide

**CONDITIONS:** T = 25°C, pH = 5.4, A<sub>275nm</sub>, Light path = 1 cm

**METHOD:** Continuous Spectrophotometric Rate Determination

**REAGENTS:**

- A. 100 mM Sodium Acetate Buffer  
(Prepare 100 ml in deionized water using Sodium Acetate Trihydrate, Sigma Prod. No. S-8625. Adjust to pH 5.4 at 25°C with 1 M HCl.)
- B. 95% (v/v) Ethanol  
(Prepare 10 ml in deionized water using 200 Proof USP Ethyl Alcohol, available from Quantum Chemical Company.)
- C. 168 mM DL-Mandelonitrile Solution (Substrate)  
(Prepare 10 ml in cold 95% Ethanol using DL-Mandelonitrile, Sigma Prod. No. M-7010. **PREPARE FRESH.**)
- D. 0.1% (w/v) Bovine Serum Albumin Solution (Enzyme Diluent)  
(Prepare 10 ml in cold deionized water using Albumin, Bovine, Sigma Prod. No. A-6003.)
- E. Mandelonitrile Lyase Enzyme Solution  
(Immediately before use, prepare a solution containing 1 - 2 units/ml of Mandelonitrile Lyase in cold Reagent D.)

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**PROCEDURE:**

Pipette (in milliliters) the following reagents into suitable cuvettes:

	<u>Test</u>	<u>Blank</u>
Reagent A (Buffer)	2.85	2.85
Reagent C (Substrate)	0.05	0.05

Mix by inversion and equilibrate to 25°C. Monitor the  $A_{275\text{nm}}$  until constant, using a suitably thermostatted spectrophotometer. Then add:

Reagent E (Enzyme Solution)	0.10	-----
Reagent D (Enzyme Diluent)	-----	0.10

Immediately mix by inversion and record the increase in  $A_{275\text{nm}}$  for approximately 5 minutes. Obtain the  $r A_{275}$ /minute using the maximum linear rate for both Test and Blank.

**CALCULATIONS:**

$$\text{Units/ml enzyme} = \frac{(r A_{275\text{nm}}/\text{min Test} - r A_{275\text{nm}}/\text{min Blank})(3)(\text{df})}{(1.2)(0.1)}$$

3 = Volume (in milliliters) of assay

df = Dilution factor

1.2 = Millimolar extinction coefficient of Benzaldehyde at 275 nm

0.1 = Volume (in milliliter) of enzyme used

$$\text{Units/mg protein} = \frac{\text{units/ml enzyme}}{\text{mg protein/ml enzyme}}$$

**UNIT DEFINITION:**

One unit will form 1.0  $\mu\text{mole}$  of benzaldehyde and HCN from mandelonitrile per minute at pH 5.4 at 25°C.

**FINAL ASSAY CONCENTRATION:**

In a 3.00 ml reaction mix, the final concentrations are 95 mM sodium acetate, 2.8 mM DL-mandelonitrile, 0.003% (w/v) bovine serum albumin, 1.6% (v/v) ethanol, and 0.1 - 0.2 unit of mandelonitrile lyase.

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**REFERENCES:**

Phillips, J.P., Feuer, H. and Thyagarajan, B.S. (1967)  
*Organic Spectral Data*, Volume IX, 64

Jorns, M.S. (1979) *Journal of Biological Chemistry* **254**,  
12145-12152

**NOTES:**

1. This assay is based on the cited references.
2. Where Sigma Product or Stock numbers are specified, equivalent reagents may be substituted.

**This procedure is for informational purposes. For a current copy of Sigma's quality control procedure contact our Technical Service Department.**