

Product Information

Proteinase K from *Engyodontium album*

(formerly *Tritirachium album*)

free of DNA contaminants

suitable for Microbiome research

Catalog Number **SAE0151**

Storage Temperature $-20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

CAS RN 39450-01-6

E.C. 3.4.21.64

Synonyms: Peptidase K, Endoproteinase K,
Endopeptidase K

Product Description

Proteinase K is a stable serine protease with broad substrate specificity. It degrades many proteins in the native state even in the presence of detergents.

Proteinase K was historically isolated from *Tritirachium album* Limber, a fungus able to grow on keratin, and the enzyme can digest native keratin.¹ Proteinase K belongs to the subtilisin family with an active site catalytic triad (Asp³⁹-His⁶⁹-Ser²²⁴).² The predominant site of cleavage is the peptide bond adjacent to the carboxyl group of aliphatic and aromatic amino acids with blocked α -amino groups. Proteinase K is commonly used for its broad specificity.¹⁻⁴

Proteinase K is frequently used in molecular biology applications to digest unwanted proteins, such as nucleases from DNA or RNA preparations from microorganisms, cultured cells, and plants.⁵⁻¹¹

Proteinase K is usually denatured by subsequent phenol extractions.³

Proteinase K is active in 1% Triton™ X-100 and in 0.5% (w/v) SDS. SDS and urea will denature protein substrates resulting in increased digestion rates. Proteinase K itself is denatured much more slowly by these reagents.^{3,12,13}

The study of microbial communities has been revolutionized in recent years by the widespread adoption of culture-independent analytical techniques such as 16S rRNA gene sequencing and metagenomics. Since DNA contamination during sample preparation is a major problem with these sequence-based approaches, DNA extraction reagents free of DNA contaminants are essential.

This Proteinase K product undergoes strict quality control testing to ensure the absence of detectable levels of contaminating DNA, using 35 cycles of PCR amplification of 16S and 18S rDNA, using universal primer sets.

Specific activity: ≥ 30 units/mg protein

Unit definition: One unit will hydrolyze urea denatured hemoglobin to produce color equivalent to 1.0 micromole of tyrosine per minute at pH 7.5 and 37 °C (color per Folin-Ciocalteu reagent).

Precautions and Disclaimer

For R&D use only. Not for drug, household, or other uses. Please consult the Safety Data Sheet for information regarding hazards and safe handling practices.

Preparation Instructions

A solution of Proteinase K can be prepared in DNA-free water at 1 mg/mL.

Storage/Stability

Proteinase K stock solutions can be stored at $-20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ in frozen aliquots.

References

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