

Product Information

SILu™Lite SigmaMAb
Universal Monoclonal Antibody Standard, human
recombinant, expressed in CHO cells

Catalog Number **MSQC4**
Storage Temperature $-20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

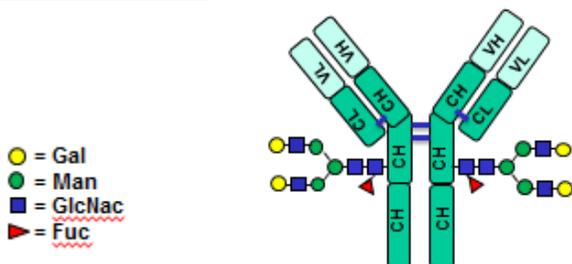
Product Description

SILu™Lite SigmaMAb is a recombinant human monoclonal antibody with a molecular mass of ~150 kDa expressed in CHO cells. It is designed for optimization of accurate intact mass analysis of monoclonal antibodies, biosimilars, and pharmaceutical products. Accurate intact mass analysis of such large biomolecules can provide comprehensive information about structural and post-translational modifications such as glycosylation. Other information such as heterogeneity, batch-to-batch variation, amino acid truncation, and N-terminal Lys processing, aggregation, and degradation can be determined. Intact mass analysis is also very important for formulation and storage in therapeutic monoclonal antibody drug development.

SigmaMAb is an IgG1 antibody with a lambda light chain. It consists of two identical heavy chains and two identical light chains. The heavy chains and light chains are linked by one disulfide bond. The heavy chains are linked by two disulfide bonds located in a hinge domain. The other 12 cysteine bonds are intramolecularly restricted to six different globular domains (Figure 2).

The antibody sequence has been evaluated by intact mass and peptide mapping using four different enzymes: chymotrypsin, Asp-N and Glu-C endoproteinases, and trypsin. Sequence coverage of 100% was obtained.

Structural Information



Sequence Information

- SigmaMAb Heavy Chain:
 EVQLVESGGGLVQPGGSLRLSCVASGFTLNNDY
 MHWVRQGIGKGLEWVSKIGTAGDRYYAGSVKGR
 FTISRENAKDSLYLQMNLSRVGDAAVYYCARGAG
 RWAPLGAFDIWGQGTMTVSSASTKGPSVFPLA
 PSSKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGA
 LTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVTVPSSSLGTQ
 TYICNVNHKPSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCPPCP
 APELLGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVVD
 VSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNS
 TYRVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPAPI
 EKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPSRDELTKNQVSLT
 CLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTTPVLDS
 DGSFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALH
 NHYTQKSLSLSPG
- SigmaMAb Light Chain:
 QSALTQPRSVSGSPGQSVTISCTGTSSDIGGYNF
 VSWYQQHPGKAPKLMYDATKRPSGVPDRFSGS
 KSGNTASLTISGLQAEDEADYYCCSYAGDYTPGV
 VFGGGTKLTVLGQPKAAPSVTLFPPSSEELQANK
 ATLVCLISDFYPGAVTVAWKADSSPVKAGVETTT
 PSKQSNNKYAASSYLSLTPEQWVKSHRSYSCQVT
 HEGSTVEKTVAPTECS

Component

Each vial of SigmaMAb contains 1 mg of antibody lyophilized from a solution of phosphate buffered saline (PBS). Vial content is determined by measuring A_{280} and using an extinction coefficient ($E^{0.1\%}$) = 1.4.

Precautions and Disclaimer

This product is for R&D use only, not for drug, household, or other uses. Please consult the Safety Data Sheet for information regarding hazards and safe handling practices.

Preparation Instructions

SigmaMAb recovery is maximized when phosphate buffer, pH 6–7, is used to reconstitute the lyophilized product.

Note: Avoid PBS for reconstitution.

Reconstitute the contents of the vial by adding 500 μ L of ultrapure water or phosphate buffer, and mixing vigorously. The solubilized product can be further diluted as needed.

Storage/Stability

Store the lyophilized product at -20 °C.

Reference

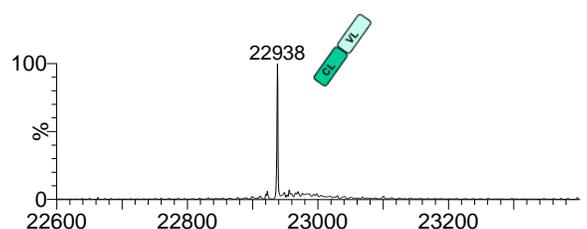
1. Beck, A., *et al.*, Biosimilar, biobetter and next generation antibody characterization by mass spectrometry. *Anal. Chem.*, **84**(11), 4637-4646 (2012).

SILu is a trademark of Sigma-Aldrich Co. LLC.

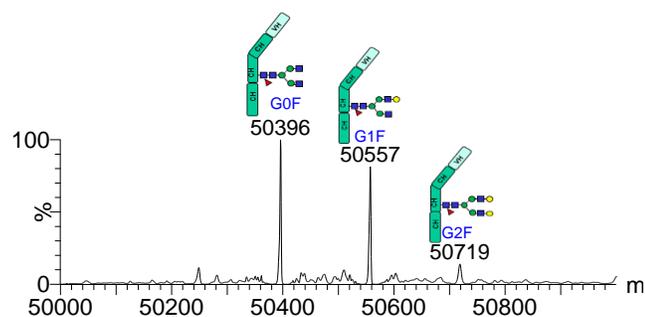
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Appendices

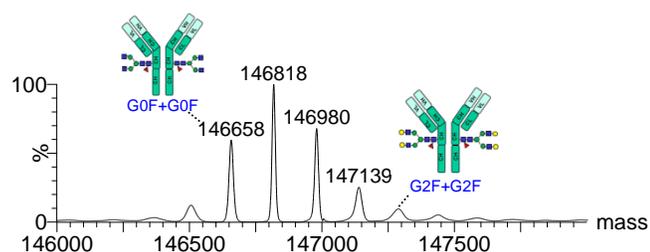
Figure 1.
Mass spectra



(a) Light Chain, calculated mass: 22,938 Da
Partially reduced, with 2 intact intrachain disulfide bonds (-4 Da)



(b) Heavy Chain, calculated mass: 50,395 Da
Partially reduced, with 4 intact intrachain disulfide bonds (-8 Da)



(c) Intact SigmaMAb, calculated mass: 146,658 Da

Deconvoluted mass spectra of (a) SigmaMAb light chain, (b) SigmaMAb heavy chain, and (c) intact SigmaMAb. The reduction was performed in non-denaturing conditions, where the inter-chain disulfide bonds (which are more susceptible to reduction) will break and produce the light chain and heavy chains, while the intra-chain disulfide bonds within each individual domain remain intact.

Table 1.

The calculated molecular mass of light chains, heavy chains, and intact SigmaMAb with the most abundant glycoforms

Description	Composition	Modification	Average Mass (Da)*	Disulfide bond
Light chain, reduced	C ₁₀₀₆ H ₁₅₅₅ N ₂₆₇ O ₃₃₃ S ₇	Pyroglutamic acid (Q)	22,942.2	2 intrachain
Heavy chain, reduced	C ₂₁₈₁ H ₃₃₉₃ N ₅₈₇ O ₆₆₃ S ₁₆	–	48,957.8	4 intrachain
	C ₂₂₃₇ H ₃₄₈₅ N ₅₉₁ O ₇₀₂ S ₁₆	G0F	50,403.2	
	C ₂₂₄₃ H ₃₄₉₅ N ₅₉₁ O ₇₀₇ S ₁₆	G1F	50,565.3	
	C ₂₂₄₉ H ₃₅₀₅ N ₅₉₁ O ₇₁₂ S ₁₆	G2F	50,727.5	
Native, intact product, non-reduced	C ₆₃₇₄ H ₉₈₆₄ N ₁₇₀₈ O ₁₉₉₂ S ₄₆	2 × Pyroglutamic acid (Q)	143,767.7	16 (12 intrachain and 4 interchain)
	C ₆₄₈₆ H ₁₀₀₄₈ N ₁₇₁₆ O ₂₀₇₀ S ₄₆	G0F+G0F	146,658.4	
	C ₆₄₉₂ H ₁₀₀₅₈ N ₁₇₁₆ O ₂₀₇₅ S ₄₆	G0F+G1F	146,820.6	
	C ₆₄₉₈ H ₁₀₀₆₈ N ₁₇₁₆ O ₂₀₈₀ S ₄₆	G1F+G1F	146,982.7	
	C ₆₅₀₄ H ₁₀₀₇₈ N ₁₇₁₆ O ₂₀₈₅ S ₄₆	G1F+G2F	147,144.8	
	C ₆₅₁₀ H ₁₀₀₈₈ N ₁₇₁₆ O ₂₀₉₀ S ₄₆	G2F+G2F	147,307.0	

G0F: GlcNAc₂Man₃GlcNAc₂Fuc

G1F: GalGlcNAc₂Man₃GlcNAc₂Fuc

G2F: Gal₂GlcNAc₂Man₃GlcNAc₂Fuc

* Masses based on NIST Physical Reference Data

Figure 2.

Disulfide bonds of SILu™Lite SigmaMab

