Directions for Use

**Assurance® GDS Cronobacter Tq II**

AOAC® Performance Tested Method 121903
Part No: 71038-100 (100 tests)
71038-576ATM (576 tests)

**General Description**

Assurance® GDS for *Cronobacter* Tq II is an automated nucleic acid amplification system for the detection of *Cronobacter* in infant nutritional formula, ingredients, and environmental samples. Assurance® GDS assays are designed for use by qualified lab personnel who follow appropriate microbiology laboratory practices.

**Kit Components**

Each Assurance® GDS for *Cronobacter* Tq II kit (100 tests) contains the following:

- Amplification (Amp) Tubes Tq
- Concentration Reagent
- Resuspension Buffer Tq
- Wash Solution

Each Assurance® GDS for *Cronobacter* Tq 576ATM kit contains the following:

- Amplification Tubes Tq
- Concentration Reagent

The following are also necessary but sold separately:

- 61031-100 Wash Solution Kit
- 34724-100C Resuspension Buffer Tq

**Equipment/Materials Required**

Other necessary materials not provided include:

- Media per Appendix A
- Assurance® GDS Rotor-Gene®
- GDS rotor and locking ring
- Laptop computer and software v2.3.103
- PickPen® device and PickPen® tips
- Vortex mixer (IKA® MS3 or equivalent)
- Adhesive film strips
- Sample wells and sample wells base
- Resuspension plate
- Gel cooling block
- Stomacher® paddle homogenizer or equivalent
- Stomacher-type bags with filter or equivalent
- 8-channel micropipette capable of dispensing 30 µL
- Adjustable micropipette capable of accurately dispensing 20 µL, 45 µL, 0.3 mL, 0.5 mL, 0.7 mL and 1.0 mL
- Repeat pipette
- Repeat pipette tips (0.5 mL and 10 mL)
- Filter barrier micropipette tips (50 µL and 1.0 mL)
- Gel cooling block
- Incubator capable of maintaining up to 36 ±2 °C
Test Portion Preparation & Enrichment
See Appendix A for selection of appropriate enrichment media for sample type. See Appendix B for enrichment media preparation guidelines.

Sample Preparation & Enrichment—Infant formula, infant cereals, NFDM and other infant nutritional ingredients
For powdered or dry products, do not shake after additional of media to sample. Instead allow media and sample to stand undisturbed at 18–27 °C (laboratory temperature) for 30 min–60 min. If after this time the powder is not homogenized, mix the content till dissolved.

Note: The media must be pre-warmed to 36 ±2 °C prior to sample addition.

1. Samples without subculture in BHI
   a. Infant formula without probiotics, most non-probiotic ingredients (except NFDM): For 10–125 g of sample, add to 1:10 samples to media ratio Buffered Peptone Water (BPW, Appendix B). For 26–375 g sample add to 1:10 sample to media ratio (BPW).
   b. Infant formula with probiotics: For 10–25 g of sample, add to 1:10 samples to media ratio BPW with vancomycin (BPW + v, Appendix B). For 26–375 g sample add to 1:10 sample to media ratio (BPW + v).
   c. Infant cereals without probiotics: For 10–25 g of sample, add to 1:10 samples to media ratio BPW with amylase (BPW + a, Appendix B). For 26–375 g sample add to 1:10 sample to media ratio (BPW + a).
   d. Infant cereal with probiotics: For 10–25 g of sample, add to 1:10 samples to media ratio of BPW with vancomycin and amylase (BPW + v + a, Appendix B). For 26–375 g sample add to 1:10 sample to media ratio (BPW + v + a).

2. Samples with subculture in BHI
   a. Non-fat dry milk (NFDM): For 10–25 g of sample, add to 1:10 samples to media ratio of Brilliant Green Water (BGW, Appendix B). For 26–375 g sample add to 1:10 sample to media ratio (BGW).
   b. Homogenize or mix sample. Incubate 10–25 g samples for 20–28 h at 36 ±2 °C. Incubate 26–375 g samples 24–32 h at 36 ±2 °C.
   c. Continue to SAMPLE PROCESSING PROTOCOL.

A. Sample Preparation & Enrichment—Environmental Samples

1. Samples without subculture in BHI
   a. Environmental monitoring (stick swabs and sponges): Pre-moisten sterile dehydrated sponges with 10 mL BPW. Hydrate sterile swab by soaking in BPW. If neutralization is needed, substitute D/E (Dey/Engley) Broth or Letheen Broth for the BPW to pre-moisten. After collecting sample from surface, add sponge or swab to 100 mL or 10 mL of BPW, respectively. Mix well.

   Areas of sampling:
   • Food (and non-food) product contact surfaces, work surfaces and adjacent areas (i.e. blenders, work tables, drip shields, housing)
   • Non-food contact surfaces not close to food product work surfaces (i.e. drains, floors, walls, cart wheels)

   (1) Incubate samples for 20–28 h at 36 ±2 °C.
   b. Dusts and process water: aseptically weigh 25 g sweepings to 225 mL BPW. Aseptically add 25 mL process water to 225 mL of BPW. Mix well.

   (1) Incubate samples for 20–28 h at 36 ±2 °C.

B. Sample Processing Protocol

Change gloves prior to handling reagents
   a. Vortex Concentration Reagent. Immediately transfer 20 µL to each of the required number of Assurance® GDS sample wells (1 well/sample) using a repeat pipette and 0.5 mL pipette tip. Add 0.7 mL of Wash Solution to sample wells containing Concentration Reagent using a repeat pipette and 10 mL pipette tip. Cover sample wells with adhesive film strips.
   b. Transfer 1 mL of Wash Solution to additional sample wells (1 well/sample) held in a sample well base using a repeat pipette and 10 mL pipette tip. Cover sample wells with adhesive film strips.

   For non-fat dry milk samples, dispense 0.5 mL of sterile BHI broth to sample well (1 well/sample) in place of Wash Solution using a repeat pipette and 10 mL pipette tip. Cover sample wells with adhesive film strips.

   c. Transfer 45 µL of Resuspension Buffer Tq to the wells in the resuspension plate using a repeat pipette and a 0.5 mL pipette tip. Cover resuspension plate with adhesive film strips.

   d. Carefully remove adhesive film from 1 strip of sample wells. Add 0.3 mL of incubated sample to each sample well containing Concentration Reagent and Wash Solution using adjustable micropipette and 1.0 mL filter barrier tips.

   Avoid transferring food particles. A new pipette tip must be used for each sample. Cover each strip of sample wells with a new adhesive film strip.
prior to adding samples to a new strip of wells. Immediately return samples to incubator for confirmation if necessary.

e. Place sealed sample wells on the vortex mixer and vortex at 900 rpm for 10–20 min. If necessary, adjust rpm to be certain that liquid does not contact adhesive film.

f. Carefully remove and discard adhesive film strip from 1 strip of samples. Remove corresponding film strip from a row of sample wells containing Wash Solution or BHI.

g. Load tips onto the PickPen® device, ensuring that the tips are firmly in place on the PickPen® tool. Extend the PickPen® magnets and insert tips into the first strip of sample wells. Stir gently for 30 s while continually moving up and down from the surface to the bottom of the well. Gently tap the PickPen® tips against the side of the sample wells to remove excess media droplets.

h. For all samples except non-fat dry milk, transfer PickPen® tips to corresponding sample wells containing Wash Solution and gently swirl for 10 s (do not release particles into solution). Tap the PickPen® tips against the sides of the wells to remove excess Wash Solution droplets. Transfer PickPen® tips to the corresponding row of the prepared resuspension plate. With tips submerged, retract the PickPen® magnets and tap tips gently to release particles into the Resuspension Buffer Tq. Cover the resuspension plate row with adhesive film and continue with step (j).

i. For non-fat dry milk samples:

(1) transfer PickPen® tips to corresponding sample wells containing BHI. With tips submerged, retract the PickPen® magnets and tap tips gently to release particles into the BHI. Cover each strip with a new adhesive film strip prior to adding samples to a new strip. Incubate sample wells containing BHI and particles for 2–4 h at 36 ±2 °C.

(2) Following incubation, transfer the particles from the BHI sample wells to the corresponding row of the prepared resuspension plate using the PickPen® device, as indicated in steps C(g)–C(h). With tips submerged, retract the PickPen® magnets and tap tips gently to release particles into the Resuspension Buffer Tq. Cover the resuspension plate row with adhesive film and continue with step (j).

j. Repeat steps C(g) through C(i) for all samples using new tips for each strip of samples.

Proceed to Test Procedure Section

Test Procedure (Amplification & Detection)

Change gloves prior to handling reagents

A. Preparation of Gel Cooling Block

1. Prior to initial use, the gel cooling block must be stored in the freezer (−25 to −15 °C) for 6 h. When frozen the gel cooling block will change color from pink to purple. When not in use the gel cooling block should continue to be stored at −25 to −15 °C.

2. Between each use the gel cooling block should be returned to the freezer until it has turned completely purple, indicating it is ready for use. This may take up to 2 h.

B. Preparation of Amplification Tubes Tq

1. The Assurance® GDS Rotor-Gene® set up and data should be completed prior to transferring samples from the resuspension plate into the Amplification Tubes Tq.

2. Remove amplification tubes from foil pouch and place them in the frozen gel cooling block. Reseal pouch.

3. Open amplification tubes. Transfer 30 µL of sample from resuspension plate well into each amplification tube using a multi-channel pipette and filter barrier tips. Firmly press down on each amplification tube lid to close. Visually inspect each tube to ensure that the cap is securely sealed.

4. Place amplification tubes into the Assurance® GDS Rotor-Gene® in sequential order, beginning with position #1.


Note: The Assurance® GDS Rotor-Gene® must be started within 20 min after addition of the samples to the amplification tubes.

Results

Upon completion of the run, the Assurance® GDS rotary thermocycler software will provide a results table. Each sample will be identified as Positive, Negative, or No Amp.

Positive: Samples are positive for Cronobacter spp.

Negative: Samples are negative for Cronobacter spp.

No Amp: Amplification did not occur. Repeat the test beginning from Step C. Sample Processing Protocol. If the No Amp result repeats, contact BioControl Technical Service (BioMTS@milliporesigma.com).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Color</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Kit Lot Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>Sample 1</td>
<td>Positive</td>
<td>Cronobacter</td>
<td>1234567</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>Sample 2</td>
<td>Negative</td>
<td>Cronobacter</td>
<td>1234567</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>Sample 3</td>
<td>No Amp</td>
<td>Cronobacter</td>
<td>1234567</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Confirmation**

Enriched samples can be stored at 5 ±3 °C (refrigeration) for up to 72 h prior to testing with Assurance® GDS for Cronobacter Tq II. For non-fat dry milk samples, store BGW (and not BHI subculture) enrichment at 5 ±3 °C.

If a confirmation of the positive GDS result is needed, following completion of GDS assay run, transfer 0.1 mL enrichment broth to 10 mL Cronobacter Selective broth (CSB). Incubate CSB broth for 24 ±2 h at 41.5 ±1 °C. Streak 10 µL CSB onto Chromogenic Cronobacter isolation (CCI) agar, incubate plates for 24 ±2 h at 41.5 ±1 °C. Confirm typical colonies via ISO 22964 (2017): Horizontal method for the detection of Cronobacter spp.

As an alternative confirmation method, presumptive positive enrichment broth may be directly streaked on CCI agar, incubate plates for 24 ±2 h at 41.5 ±1 °C.

**Storage**

Store Assurance® GDS for Cronobacter Tq II kit components at 5 ±3 °C. Kit expiration is provided on the product box label.

**Precautions**

**Comply with Good Laboratory Practice (refer to EN ISO 7218 standard)**

Do not use test kit beyond expiration date on the product box label.

Assurance® GDS for Cronobacter Tq II must be used as described herein. Contents of the test may be harmful if swallowed or taken internally. Do not use Assurance® GDS for Cronobacter Tq II reagents that have expired.

**Safety**

Assurance® GDS for Cronobacter Tq II kit.—This product is not intended for human or veterinary use. Assurance® GDS for Cronobacter Tq II must be used as described in the package insert. Contents of the test may be harmful if swallowed or taken internally. The user should read, understand and follow all safety information in the instructions for the Assurance® GDS for Cronobacter Tq II kit. Retain the safety instructions for future reference.

Do not open or autoclave used amplification tubes. After run is complete, place used amplification tubes into a sealed container with sufficient volume of a 10% bleach solution to cover tubes for a minimum of 15 min or double bag amplification tubes and dispose outside of the lab following all applicable local, state/provincial, and/or national regulations on disposal of biological wastes.

If contamination is suspected, moisten paper towel with bleach solution and wipe all lab benches and equipment surfaces with 10% bleach solution. Avoid spraying bleach solution directly onto surfaces. Allow bleach solution to remain on surfaces for a minimum of 15 min before wiping clean with 70% isopropyl alcohol solution.

To prepare 10% bleach solution add 10 mL of commercially available bleach containing at least 5% sodium hypochlorite to 90 mL of deionized water. The minimum final concentration of sodium hypochlorite in the bleach solution should be 0.5%. The bleach solution is stable for 7 days from preparation. To prepare 70% isopropyl alcohol solution add 70 mL of pure isopropyl alcohol to 30 mL of deionized water or buy commercially available 70% isopropyl alcohol.

Assurance® GDS Rotor-Gene.—Improper use of the Assurance® GDS Rotor-Gene may cause personal injuries or damage to the instrument. Some components may pose a risk of personal injury due to excessive heat if improperly handled. For safe use, the instrument must only be operated by qualified laboratory personnel who have been appropriately trained. Servicing of instrument must only be performed by Millipore® Service Engineers.

Sample Enrichment.—To reduce the risks associated with exposure to chemicals and biohazards, perform pathogen testing in a properly equipped laboratory under the control of trained personnel. Always follow standard laboratory safety practices, including wearing appropriate personal protective apparel and eye protection, PPE, while handling reagents and contaminated samples. Avoid contact with the contents of the enrichment media and reagent tubes after amplification. Dispose of enriched samples according to current industry standards. Decontaminate and dispose of materials in accordance with good laboratory practices and in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

Cronobacter Precautions—Cronobacter is a biosafety level-2 organism. Biological samples, such as enrichments, have the potential to transmit infectious diseases. Follow all applicable local, state/provincial, and/or national regulations on disposal of biological wastes. Wear appropriate protective equipment which includes, but is not limited to: protective eyewear, face shield, clothing/laboratory coat, and gloves. All work should be conducted in properly equipped facilities utilizing the appropriate safety equipment (for example, physical containment devices). Individuals should be trained in accordance with applicable regulatory and company/institution requirements before working with potentially infectious materials. All enrichment broths should be sterilized following any culture based confirmatory steps. Clean the work stations and laboratory equipment with a disinfectant of choice before and after lab activities (Sodium hypochlorite solution, phenol solution, Quaternary ammonium solution, etc.).
APPENDIX A—Cronobacter Enrichment Methods

Table A: Sample Type and Enrichment Method for Cronobacter (Infant Formula, Infant Cereals and Ingredients)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Food Type</th>
<th>Media</th>
<th>Sample size</th>
<th>Sample:Media Ratio</th>
<th>Enrichment Time</th>
<th>Incubation temperature</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No BHI subculture</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Infant Formula without Probiotics</td>
<td>BPW</td>
<td>10–25 g</td>
<td>1:10</td>
<td>20–28 h</td>
<td>36 ± 2 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>26–375 g</td>
<td>1:10</td>
<td>24–32 h</td>
<td>36 ± 2 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Infant Cereals without Probiotics</td>
<td>BPW + a</td>
<td>10–25 g</td>
<td>1:10</td>
<td>20–28 h</td>
<td>36 ± 2 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>26–375 g</td>
<td>1:10</td>
<td>24–32 h</td>
<td>36 ± 2 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-probiotic Ingredients (except nonfat dry milk)</td>
<td>BPW</td>
<td>10–25 g</td>
<td>1:10</td>
<td>20–28 h</td>
<td>36 ± 2 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>26–375 g</td>
<td>1:10</td>
<td>24–32 h</td>
<td>36 ± 2 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Infant Formula with Probiotics</td>
<td>BPW + v</td>
<td>10–25 g</td>
<td>1:10</td>
<td>20–28 h</td>
<td>36 ± 2 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>26–375 g</td>
<td>1:10</td>
<td>24–32 h</td>
<td>36 ± 2 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Infant Cereals with Probiotics</td>
<td>BPW + v + a</td>
<td>10–25 g</td>
<td>1:10</td>
<td>20–28 h</td>
<td>36 ± 2 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>26–375 g</td>
<td>1:10</td>
<td>24–32 h</td>
<td>36 ± 2 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>With BHI subculture</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nonfat dry milk (NFDM)</td>
<td>BGW</td>
<td>10–25 g</td>
<td>1:10</td>
<td>20–28 h</td>
<td>36 ± 2 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>26–375 g</td>
<td>1:10</td>
<td>24–32 h</td>
<td>36 ± 2 °C</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table B: Sample Type and Enrichment Method for Cronobacter (Environmental Monitoring)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Environmental Sample</th>
<th>Media</th>
<th>Sample size</th>
<th>Sample: Media Ratio</th>
<th>Enrichment Time</th>
<th>Incubation temperature</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Environmental samples (Nearby food contact surfaces)**(Distant non-food contact surfaces* )</td>
<td>BPW Swab Sponge</td>
<td>10 mL</td>
<td>1:10</td>
<td>20–28 h</td>
<td>36 ± 2 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>100 mL</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Process water</td>
<td>BPW</td>
<td>25 mL</td>
<td>1:10</td>
<td>20–28 h</td>
<td>36 ± 2 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dust, sweepings</td>
<td>BPW</td>
<td>25 g</td>
<td>1:10</td>
<td>20–28 h</td>
<td>36 ± 2 °C</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Food (and non-food) product contact surfaces, work surfaces and adjacent areas (i.e. blenders, work tables, drip shields, housing)

** Non-food contact surfaces not close to work surfaces (i.e. drains, floors, walls, cart wheels)

APPENDIX B—Enrichment Media Recipes

Buffered Peptone Water (BPW)

Follow the manufacturer’s instructions for preparation of media. Buffered Peptone Water w/ Vancomycin (BPW + v)

Prepare BPW as described above. On day of use, add 0.675 mL of 0.2% Vancomycin solution to 225 mL BPW (10.1 mL of Vancomycin solution to 3375 mL BPW).

Peptone Water w/ Amylase (BPW + a)

Prepare BPW as described above. On day of use, add 2.25 mL of 1% Amylase solution to 225 mL BPW (33.8 mL of Amylase solution to 3375 mL BPW).

Buffered Peptone Water w/ Vancomycin and Amylase (BPW + v + a)

Prepare BPW as described above. On day of use, add 0.675 mL of 0.2% Vancomycin solution and 2.25 mL of 1% Amylase solution to 225 mL BPW (10.1 mL of Vancomycin solution and 33.8 mL of Amylase solution to 3375 mL BPW).

0.2% Vancomycin Solution

Dissolve 0.2 g of Vancomycin (hydrochloride) in 100 mL of sterile deionized water. Store in dark at 2–8 °C.

1% Amylase Solution

Dissolve 1.0 g of alpha-Amylase (~50 U/mg) in 100 mL of sterile deionized water. Store in dark at 2–8 °C.

Brain Heart Infusion

Suspend 37 g of Brain Heart Infusion (BHI) in 1 L of deionized water. Mix thoroughly and dispense into desired aliquots. Autoclave at 121 °C for 15 min.

Brilliant Green Water (BGW)

Create a 1% Brilliant Green Dye stock solution by dissolving 1 g Brilliant Green Dye in 100 mL of sterile deionized water (Do not autoclave). To prepare Brilliant Green Water add 0.45 mL of the 1% Brilliant Green Dye stock solution to 225 mL of sterile deionized water (6.75 mL of 1% Brilliant Green Dye stock solution to 3375 mL of sterile deionized water).
Technical Assistance
For more information, please visit SigmaAldrich.com/GDS

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