

Product Information

Anti-GAPDH antibody, Mouse monoclonal
clone GAPDH-71.1, purified from hybridoma cell culture

Catalog Number **G8795**

Product Description

Monoclonal Anti-GAPDH (mouse IgM isotype) is derived from the hybridoma GAPDH-71.1 produced by the fusion of mouse myeloma cells (NS1 cells) and splenocytes from BALB/c mice immunized with rabbit GAPDH. The isotype is determined using a double diffusion immunoassay using Mouse Monoclonal Antibody Isotyping Reagents, Catalog Number ISO2.

Monoclonal Anti-GAPDH recognizes human, monkey, bovine, canine, rat, mouse, hamster, mink, rabbit, chicken, and turkey GAPDH. It does not cross-react with non-vertebrate and prokaryote species. The antibody may be used in ELISA, immunoblotting (~37 kDa), and immunocytochemistry.

The enzyme glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase (EC 1.2.1.12) is a tetramer of identical chains that catalyzes the reversible oxidative phosphorylation of glyceraldehyde-phosphate in the presence of inorganic phosphate and nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide (NAD). This is an important energy-yielding step in carbohydrate metabolism. GAPDH is found in almost all species with a low rate of evolutionary changes.¹ GAPDH was also found to bind to several proteins such as: actin, tubulin, amyloid precursor, polyglutamine peptides, DRPLA, and huntingtin.

In human embryonic kidney and mouse neuroblastoma cell lines, it was shown that nuclear translocation and associated neurotoxicity of mutant huntingtin is mediated by a ternary complex of huntingtin, GAPDH, and a ubiquitin E3 ligase named SIAH1. Over-expression of GAPDH or SIAH1 enhances nuclear translocation of mutant huntingtin and cytotoxicity.²

GAPDH was also found to be part of the multicomponent OCT1 coactivator complex, OCA-S. This complex is essential for the S phase-dependent histone H2B transcription. This association links the H2B transcriptional machinery to cell cycle regulation and possibly to the cellular metabolic state (redox status).³

Reagent

Supplied as a solution in 0.01 M phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, containing 15 mM sodium azide as a preservative.

Antibody Concentration: ~1 mg/mL mg/mL

Precautions and Disclaimer

This product is for R&D use only, not for drug, household, or other uses. Please consult the Safety Data Sheet for information regarding hazards and safe handling practices.

Storage/Stability

For continuous use, store at 2-8 °C for up to one month. For extended storage, freeze in working aliquots. Repeated freezing and thawing, or storage in "frost-free" freezers, is not recommended. If slight turbidity occurs upon prolonged storage, clarify the solution by centrifugation before use. Working dilution samples should be discarded if not used within 12 hours.

Product Profile

Immunoblotting: a working antibody concentration of 0.025-0.05 µg/mL is recommended using A431 total cell extract.

Note: In order to obtain the best results in various techniques and preparations, it is recommended to determine the optimal working dilution by titration.

References

1. Burke, J.R., et al., *Nature Med.* **2**, 347-350 (1996).
2. Bae, B.-I., et al., *Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci. USA*, **103**, 3405-3409 (2006).
3. Zheng, L., et al., *Cell*, **114**, 255-266 (2003).

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